

# User Manual

# *SP-12401M-USB SP-12401C-USB*

12M CMOS Digital Progressive Scan Monochrome and color Camera Document Version: 1.1 SP - 12401MC -USB\_Ver.1.1 \_Jan.2021

Thank you for purchasing this product.



Be sure to read this manual before use.

This manual includes important safety precautions and instructions on how to operate the unit. Be sure to read this manual to ensure proper operation.

The contents of this manual are subject to change without notice for the purpose of improvement.

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#### **Notice**

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# Warranty

For information about the warranty, please contact your factory representative.

#### Certifications

# **CE** compliance

As defined by the Directive 2004/108/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council, EMC (Electromagnetic compatibility), JAI Ltd., Japan declares that SP-12401-USB complies with the following provisions applying to its standards.

EN 61000-6-3 (Generic emission standard part 1)

EN 61000-6-2 (Generic immunity standard part 1)

#### **FCC**

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

#### Warning

Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for FCC compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

# Supplement

The following statement is related to the regulation on "Measures for the Administration of the control of Pollution by Electronic Information Products", known as "China RoHS". The table shows contained Hazardous Substances in this camera.



mark shows that the environment-friendly use period of contained Hazardous Substances is 15 years.

# 重要注意事项

# 有毒,有害物质或元素名称及含量表

根据中华人民共和国信息产业部『电子信息产品污染控制管理办法』,本产品《有毒,有害物质或元素名称及含量表》如下.

		有毒有害物质或元素							
部件名称	铅 (Pb)	汞 (Hg)	镉 (Cd)	六价铬 (Cr (VI))	多溴联苯 (PPB)	多溴二苯醚 (PBDE)			
棱镜	×	0	0	0	0	0			
光学滤镜	×	0	×	0	0	0			
连接插头	×	0	0	0	0	0			
电路板	×	0	0	0	0	0			

〇: 表示该有毒有害物质在该部件所有均质材料中的含量均在GB/T 26572-2011规定的限量要求以下。 ×: 表示该有毒有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出GB/T 26572-2011规定的限量要求。 (企业可在此处,根据实际情况对上表中打 "×" 的技术原因进行进一步说明。)



# 环保使用期限

电子信息产品中含有的有毒有害物质或元素在正常使用的条件下不会发生外 泄或突变、电子信息产品用户使用该电子信息产品不会对环境造成严重污染 或对基人身、财产造成严重损害的期限。

数字「15」为期限15年。

# **Usage Precautions**

# Notes on cable configurations

The presence of lighting equipment and television receivers nearby may result in video noise. In such cases, change the cable configurations or placement.

# Notes on attaching the lens

Avoiding dust particles

When attaching the lens to the camera, stray dust and other particles may adhere to the sensor surface and rear surface of the lens. Be careful of the following when attaching the lens.

- Work in a clean environment.
- Do not remove the caps from the camera and lens until immediately before you attach the lens.
- To prevent dust from adhering to surfaces, point the camera and lens downward and do not allow the lens surface to come into contact with your hands or other objects.
- Always use a blower brush to remove any dust that adheres.
   Never use your hands or cloth, blow with your mouth, or use other methods to remove dust.

# Phenomena specific to CMOS image sensors

The following phenomena are known to occur on cameras equipped with CMOS image sensors. These do not indicate malfunctions.

- Aliasing
  - When shooting straight lines, stripes, and similar patterns, vertical aliasing (zigzag distortion) may appear on the monitor.
- Blooming
  - When strong light enters the camera, some pixels on the CMOS image sensor may receive much more light than they are designed to hold, causing the accumulated signal charge to overflow into surrounding pixels. This "blooming" phenomenon can be seen in the image, but does not affect the operation of the camera.
- Fixed pattern noise
  When shooting dark objects in high-temperature conditions, fixed pattern noise may occur throughout the entire video monitor screen.
- Defective pixels

  Defective pixels (white and black pixels) of the CMOS image sensor are
  minimized at the factory according to shipping standards. However, as this
  phenomenon can be affected by the ambient temperature, camera settings
  (e.g., high sensitivity and long exposure), and other factors, be sure to operate

within the camera's specified operating environment.

#### Notes on exportation

When exporting this product, please follow the export regulations of your country or region.

# **Features**

The SP-12401M-USB/SP-12401C-USB is an industrial progressive scan camera equipped with a 1.1-inch global shutter CMOS image sensor with 12.37 effective megapixels. The SP-12401M-USB/SP-12401C-USB is part of JAI's Spark Series, which provides an attractive combination of high resolution, high speed, and high image quality for machine vision applications.

This camera is equipped with various functions required for machine vision including external trigger, exposure setting, image level control, look-up table, shading correction, blemish compensation, ROI, binning, etc.

\*) The SP-12401M-USB produces monochrome output while the SP-12401C-USB produces Bayer output.

#### Feature overview

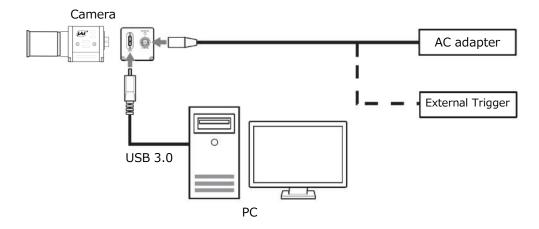
- Compliance with USB3 Vision and GenICam standards
- 1.1-inch 12.37 megapixel Global Shutter high resolution CMOS sensor
- Lens mount: C-mount (flange back: 17.526 mm)
- Pixel size : 3.45 um × 3.45 um
- Effective pixels SP-12401M-USB (4112(H) x 3008(V)), SP-12401C-USB (4088(H) x 3000(V))
- Up to 23.4 fps at full resolution
- Various Video Output formats (BGR format supported for color model)

SP-12401M-USB: Mono8, Mono10, Mono10p, Mono12, Mono12p

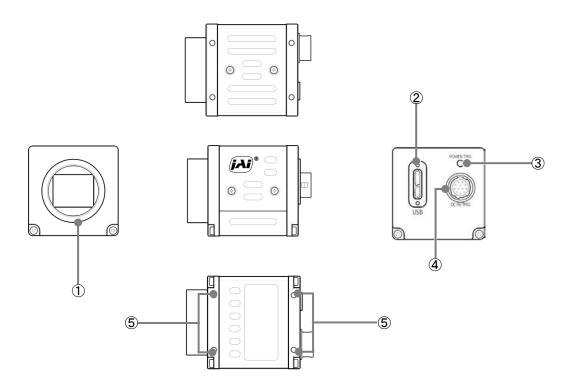
SP-12401C-USB: BayerRG8, BayerRG10, BayerRG10p, BayerRG12, BayerRG12p BGR8, BGR10p

- Higher image quality by using 5x5 deBayer interpolation processing (Only for BGR format output)
- Gamma correction circuit that uses lookup tables
- Color matrix that allows faithful color reproduction
- Color space conversion function (sRGB, Adobe RGB, HSI, XYZ support)
- Internal test signal for settings configuration
- eBUS SDK for JAI that supports Windows 7, 8, 10

#### **Connection example:**



# **Parts Identification**



# 1 Lens mount (C-mount)

Mount a C-mount lens, microscope adapter, etc. here.

❖ Before mounting a lens, be sure to refer to "Step 2:Connecting Devices" and confirm the precautions for attaching a lens and the supported lens types.

# 2 USB 3.0 connector

Use a USB 3.0 compatible cable to connect this to a USB port on the computer.

# **3 POWER/TRIG LED**

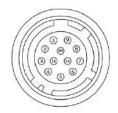
Indicates the power and trigger input status.

#### LED status and camera status

LED	Light	Status
POWER/	(Lit amber)	Camera initializing.
TRIG LED	(Lit green)	Camera in operation.
	* (Blinking green)	During operation in trigger mode, trigger signals are being input.  The blinking interval is not related to the actual input interval of the external trigger.

# **4** DC IN/TRIG connector (12-pin round)

Connect the cable for a power supply (optional) or for DC IN / trigger IN here.



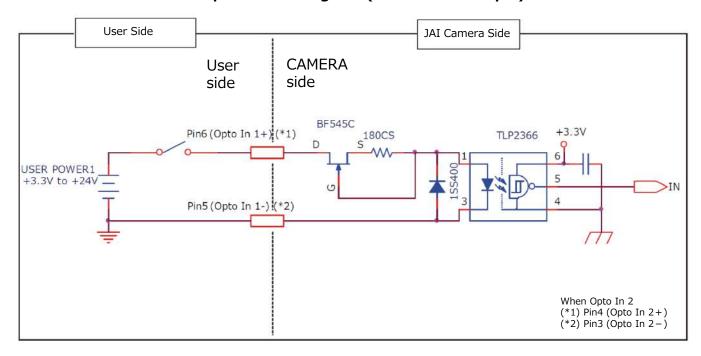
HR10A-10R-12PB (71) (Hirose Electric or equivalent)

Pin No.	Input/Output	Signal	Description
1		GND	
2	Power In	DC In	DC 12 V $\sim$ 24 V $\pm$ 10%
3	In	Opto In 2 -	Line 6
4	In	Opto In 2 +	
5	In	Opto In 1 -	Line 5
6	In	Opto In 1 +	
7	Out	Opto Out 1 -	Line 2
8	Out	Opto Out 1 +	
9	Out	TTL Out 1	Line 1
10			
11	Power In	DC In	DC 12 V ~ 24 V ± 10%
12		GND	

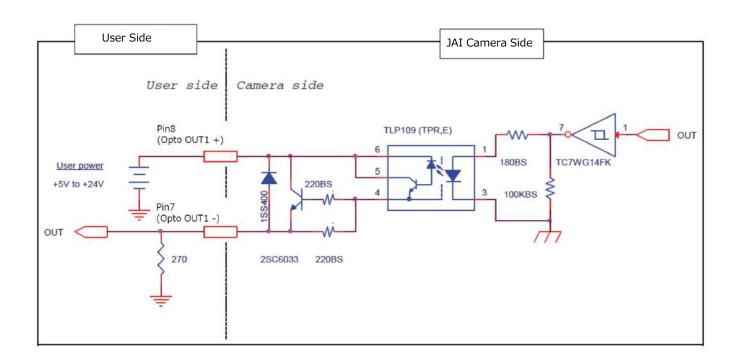
# Note

When DC power is supplied to either Pin  $1/Pin\ 2$  or Pin  $11/Pin\ 12$ , the camera operates.

# Recommended external input circuit diagram (reference example)

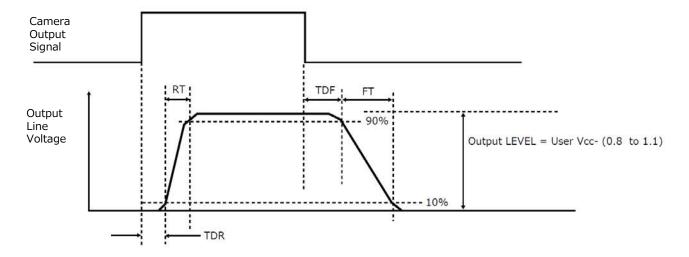


# Recommended external output circuit diagram (reference example) Standard circuit diagram example



# Characteristics of the recommended circuits for Opto OUT

#### **OUTPUT LINE RESPONSE TIME**



	User Power (VCC)
	3.3 V ~ 24 V
Time Delay Rise TDR (us)	0.5 ~ 0.7
Tisc Time RT (us)	1.2 ~ 3.0
Time Delay Fall TDF (us)	1.5 ~ 3.0
Fall Time FT (us)	4 ~ 7

#### Caution

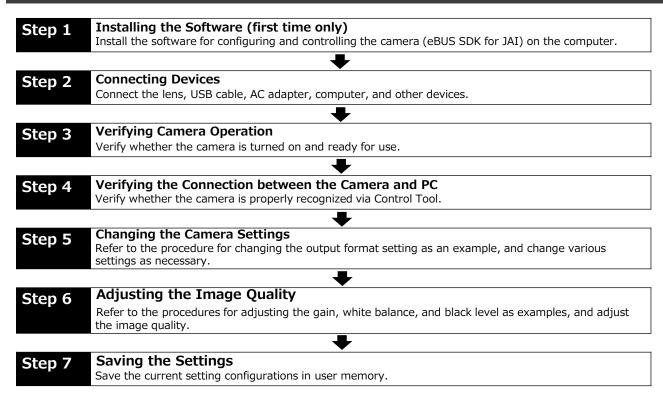
Please note that the recommended load resistance of OPT output is 10 k $\Omega$  (rated 1/10 W) or more. The 270  $\Omega$  resistor shown in the circuit diagram is the MINIMUM resistance that should be used. The response speed from On (High) to Off (Low) depends on the voltage applied to OPT\_OUT+ and the value of the load resistance. Higher load resistance results in slower response. If the response at 10 k $\Omega$  is slower than desired, you can try reducing the load resistance in order to increase the response speed but DO NOT go below the minimum 270  $\Omega$  value.

# **5** Camera locking screw holes (M3, 3mm depth)

Use these holes when attaching an MP-45 tripod adapter plate (optional) or mounting the camera directly to a wall or other structural system.

# **Preparation**

# **Preparation Process**



# Step 1: Installing the Software (first time only)

When using the camera for the first time, install the software for configuring and controlling the camera (eBUS SDK for JAI) on the computer.

❖ When you install eBUS SDK for JAI, eBUS SDK for JAI player will also be installed.

**1** Download the eBUS SDK for JAI from the JAI website. URL https://www.jai.com/support-software/jai-software

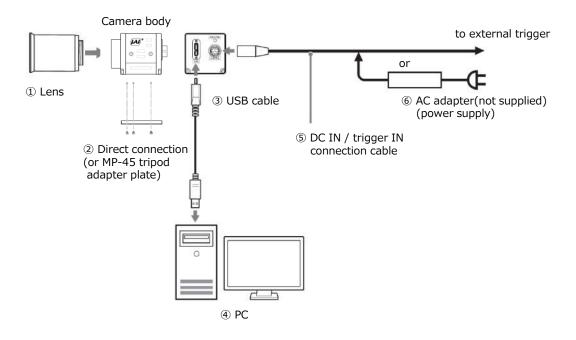
**1** Install eBUS SDK for JAI on the computer.

#### Caution

eBUS SDK for JAI is software for setting and controlling the newly released camera in June 2018.

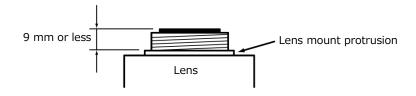
When JAI SDK and eBUS SDK for JAI are installed on the same machine, conflicts can occur. Therefore, JAI strongly recommends that JAI SDK is uninstalled before installing eBUS SDK for JAI.

# **Step 2: Connecting Devices**



#### 1 Lens

• C-mount lenses with lens mount protrusions of 9 mm or less can be attached.



• The diagonal of the camera's CMOS image sensor is 17.6 mm, the size of standard 1.1-inch lenses. To prevent vignetting and to obtain the optimal resolution, use a lens that will cover the 17.6 mm diagonal. Some lens manufacturers offer lenses with an 17.6 mm format. If not, a 1.1-inch lens is recommended.

# Caution -

- The maximum performance of the camera may not be realized depending on the lens.
- Attaching a lens with a mount protrusion of 9 mm or longer may damage the lens or camera.

# Note

The following formula can be used to estimate the focal length.

Focal length = WD / (1 + W/w)

WD: Working distance (distance between lens and object)

W: Width of object

w : Width of sensor (14.2 mm on this camera)

#### 2 Direct connection (or MP-45 tripod adapter plate)

When mounting the camera directly to a wall or other device, use screws that match the camera locking screw holes on the camera (M3, depth: 3 mm). Use the supplied screws to attach the tripod adapter plate.

#### Caution =

For heavy lenses, be sure to support the lens itself. Do not use configurations in which its weight is supported by the camera.

#### ③ USB cable

Connect a USB cable to the USB 3.0 connector.

#### Caution

The camera is equipped with a USB 3.0 compatible Micro B connector. Although this connector includes USB 2.0 connectors, the camera does not support use of USB 2.0.

### **4** Computer

Use a computer that meets the following requirements.

# Operating system (OS):

Microsoft Windows 7/8/10 32-bit/64-bit edition

**CPU:** Intel Core i3 or higher

Memory:

Windows 7/8/10 32-bit edition: DDR3, 4 GB or higher Windows 7/8/10 64-bit edition: DDR3, 8 GB or higher

**Graphics card:** PCI-Express 3.0 or higher **Interface:** USB 3.0 compatible connector

#### **5** DC IN / trigger IN connection cable

#### 6 AC adapter (power supply) (if necessary)

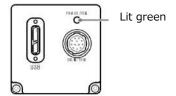
Connect the AC adapter and the round connector of the connection cable to the DC IN / trigger IN connector on the camera.

# **Step 3: Verifying Camera Operation**

When power is supplied to the camera while the necessary equipment is connected, the POWER/TRIG LED at the rear of the camera lights amber, and initialization of the camera starts. When initialization is complete, the POWER/TRIG LED lights green.

Verify whether power is being supplied to the camera by checking the rear LED.

When properly turned on



\* For details on how to read the LEDs, see "LED status and camera status" in the "Parts Identification" section.

# Step 4: Verifying the Connection between the Camera and PC

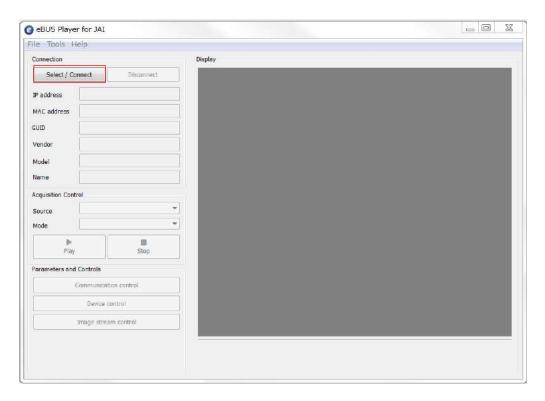
Verify whether the camera is properly recognized via Control Tool.

# **Connecting the Camera to Control Tool**

**1** Startup eBUS Player for JAI

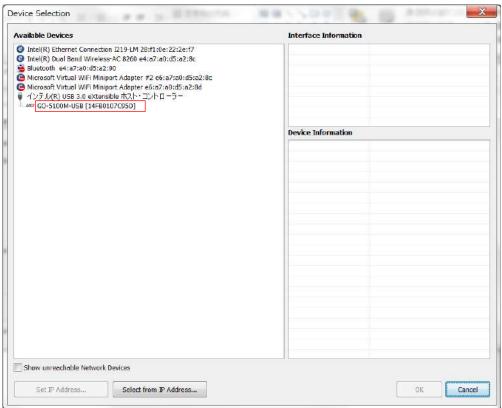


eBUS Player for JAI startup screen appears.



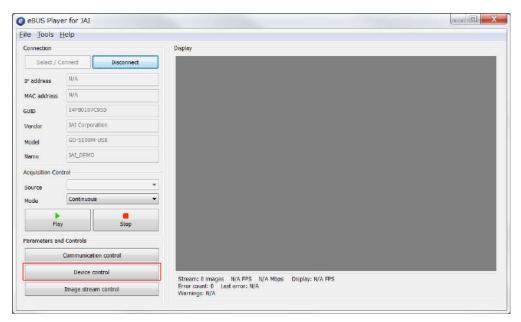
2 Select the camera you want to configure.

Push Select / Connect button



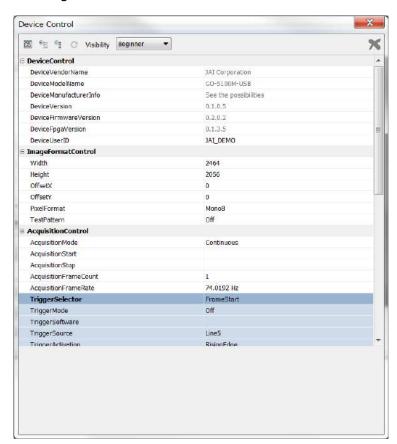
The connected camera is listed. Please select one camera.

# **?** Check that the settings of the selected camera are displayed.



Push the Device control button.

The screen shown below will be displayed. In this window you can adjust various settings of the camera.



This completes the procedure for verifying whether the camera is properly recognized and whether control and settings configuration are possible.

# **Step 5: Changing the Camera Settings**

This section explains how to change settings by describing the procedure for changing the output format as an example.

# **Configuring the Output Format**

Configure the size, position, and pixel format of the images to be acquired. The factory settings are as follows. Change the settings as necessary.

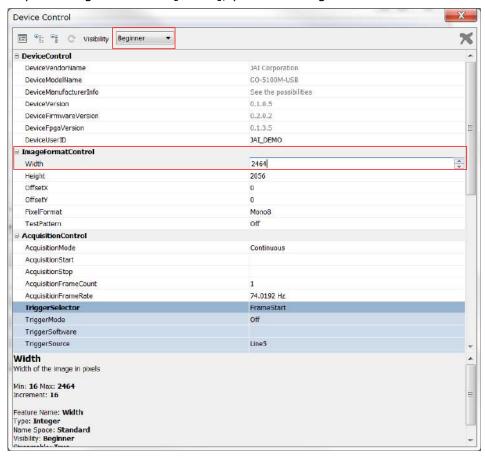
# Factory default values (SP-12401C-USB)

I	Item		
ImageFormatControl	Width	4088	
	Height	3000	
	OffsetX (horizontal position)	0	
	OffsetY (vertical position)	0	
	PixelFormat	BayerRG8	

<sup>\*</sup> You can specify the image acquisition area. For details, see "ROI (Regional Scanning Function)".

# **1** Configuring the [Width] of [ImageFormatControl]

By selecting the item of [Width], you can change the value as shown below.



# Note

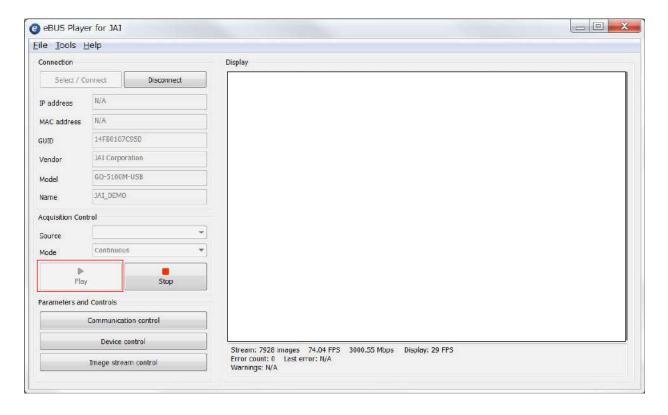
Depending on the setting item, you need to change visibility. Please switch visibility (Beginner / Expert / Guru) as necessary.

# Step 6: Adjusting the Image Quality

Display the camera image and adjust the image quality.

# **Displaying the Image**

Display the image captured by the camera. When you push [Play] button, the camera image appears in right area.



#### Adjusting the Gain

Adjust the image quality using the gain and white balance\* functions.

\*) SP-12401C-USB only

#### To adjust the image quality

The Visibility must be changed from [Beginner] to [Guru].

Adjust the sensitivity via the analog gain (i.e., master gain). For details on gain control, see "Gain Control" in the "Main Functions" section.

#### ■ Manual adjustment

# **1** Expand [AnalogControl], and set [GainAuto] to [Off].

([Off] is default setting.)

# **7** Configure the gain.

- Expand [AnalogControl], and select the gain you want to configure in [GainSelector]. [AnalogAll] (master gain), [DigitalRed]\* (digital R gain), and [DigitalBlue]\* (digital B gain) can be configured.
- 2 Configure the gain value in [Gain].
  - [AnalogAll] (master gain) can be set to a value from x1 to x16 the analog gain value. The resolution is set in about 0.1dB steps. Values are configured by multipliers.
  - The [DigitalRed]\* (digital R gain) and [DigitalBlue]\* (digital B gain) can be set to a value from x0.447 to the [AnalogAll] (master gain) value.

    The resolution is set in 0.000122 steps. Values are configured by multipliers.

#### Adjusting the White Balance\*

Adjust the white balance using the automatic adjustment function.

\*) SP-12401C-USB only

#### ■ Automatic white balance adjustment

1 Place a white sheet of paper or similar object under the same lighting conditions as the intended subject, and zoom in to capture the white.

White objects near the subject, such as a white cloth or wall, can also be used. Be sure to prevent the high-intensity spot lights from entering the screen.

**2** Select the [BalanceWhiteAuto] tab, and select [Continuous] or [Once] for the adjustment method.

The white balance is automatically adjusted.

# Adjusting the Black Level

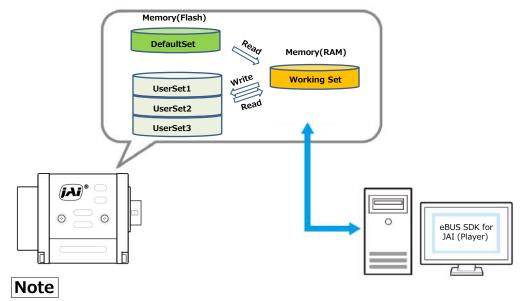
**1** Expand [AnalogControl], and select the black level you want to configure in [BlackLevelSelector].

[DigitalAll] (master black), [DigitalRed]\* (digital R), and [DigitalBlue]\* (digital B) can be configured.

- Specify the adjustment value in [BlackLevel].
- \*) SP-12401C-USB only

# **Step 7: Saving the Settings**

The setting values configured in the player (eBUS SDK for JAI) will be deleted when the camera is turned off. By saving current setting values to user memory, you can load and recall them whenever necessary. You can save up to three sets of user settings in the camera. (User Set1 to 3)



Changes to settings are not saved to the computer (eBUS SDK for JAI).

- To save user settings
  - **1** Stop image acquisition.
  - **2** Expand [UserSetControl], and select the save destination ([UserSet1] to [UserSet3]) in [UserSetSelector].

# Note

The factory default setting values are stored in [Default] and cannot be overwritten.

#### Caution

Settings can only be saved when image acquisition on the camera is stopped.

**3** Select [UserSetSave], and click [Execute 'UserSetSave' Command].

The current setting values are saved as user settings.

- To load user settings
  - **1** Stop image acquisition.

    User settings can only be loaded when image capture on the camera is stopped.
  - **2** Select the settings to load (UserSet1 to UserSet3) in [UserSetSelector].
  - **3** Select [UserSetLoad], and click [Execute 'UserSetLoad' Command].

The selected user settings are loaded.

# **Main Functions**

# **Basic Function Matrix**

The combinations of settings for the basic functions that can be used together are as follows.

									Sequ	encer
ExposureMode	FrameStartTrigger	BinningVertical	BinningHorizontal	ExposureTime	ROI	BalanceWhiteAuto	GainAuto	ExposureAuto	TriggerSequencerMode	CommandSequencerMode
Off	Off	1 x 1		×	0	0	0	×	×	×
			x 2	×	0	0	0	×	×	×
		2 >		×	0	0	0	×	×	×
			x 2	×	0	0	0	×	×	×
Timed	Off		1 x 1 (Off)		0	0	0	0	×	0
			x 2	0	0	0	0	0	×	0
		2 >		0	0	0	0	0	×	0
			x 2	0	0	0	0	0	×	0
Timed(EPS)	On		(Off)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
			x 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		2 >		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
			x 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Timed(RCT)	On		(Off)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1 >	x 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		2 >		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
			x 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TriggerWidth	On	1 x 1	(Off)	×	0	0	0	×	×	×
		1 >	x 2	×	0	0	0	×	×	×
		2 >	x 1	×	0	0	0	×	×	×
		2 >	x 2	×	0	0	0	×	×	×

# GPIO (Digital Input/Output Settings)

The camera is equipped with GPIO (general-purpose input/output) functions for generating and using combinations of triggers and other necessary signals within the camera and of signals output from the camera to the system such as those used for lighting equipment control.

# **Valid Input/Output Combinations**

The following signals can be used as sources for each output destination (Trigger Selector, Line Selector, Pulse Generator Selector).

You can also connect two different sources to NAND paths in the GPIO and reuse the signal generated there as a source for a different selector.

The combinations of source signals and output destinations are indicated in the following.

	Selector								ıt desti							
	(Cross point	-	Trigger	Selecto	r			Lir	neSelec	tor			Pulse	Genera	atorSel	ector
	switch output)  ource Signal  oss point switch input)	AcquisitionStart	AcquisitionEnd	FrameStart	AcquisitionTransferStart	Line1-TTLOut1	Line2-OptOut1	TimestampReset	NANDGate0In1	NANDGate0In2	NANDGate1In1	NANDGate1In2	PulseGenerator0	PulseGenerator1	PulseGenerator2	PulseGenerator3
	Low	0	0	0	0	0	0	Off	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	High	0	0	0	0	0	0	×	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Line5-OptIn1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Line6-OptIn2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	UserOutput0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	UserOutput1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	UserOutput2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Signals	UserOutput3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
jna	PulseGenerator0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	×	0	0	0
ls t	PulseGenerator1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	×	0	0
to use	PulseGenerator2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	×	0
se	PulseGenerator3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	×
as	NAND0Out	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	×	×	0	0	0	0	0	0
ut	NAND1Out	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	×	×	0	0	0	0
output	ExposureActive	ı	_	_	_	0	0	×	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
'	AcquisitionActive	_	_	_	_	0	0	×	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	AcquisitionTriggerWait	_	_	_	_	0	0	×	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	FrameTriggerWait	_	_	_	_	0	0	×	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	FrameActive	_	_	_	-	0	0	×	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	FVAL	_	_	_	_	0	0	×	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	LVAL	_	_	_	_	×	×	×	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Software	0	0	0	0	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
			Trigger	Selector				Liı	neSelect	or			Puls	eGenera	atorSele	ector
									Use							

: Indicates default values for each selector.

# **Camera Output Formats**

The SP-12401M-USB supports the following output formats.

PixelFormat	Available only VideoProcessBypassMode
Mono8, Mono10, Mono10p, Mono12,	Mono12, Mono12p
Mono12p	

The SP-12401C-USB supports the following output formats.

PixelFormat	Available only VideoProcessBypassMode
BayerRG8, BayerRG10, BayerRG10p,	BayerRG12, BayerRG12p
BayerRG12, BayerRG12p	
BGR8,BGR10p	

# **Image Acquisition Controls**

Perform operations and configure settings related to image acquisition in [AcquisitionControl].

The following acquisition modes are available on the camera.

AcquisitionMode	Description
SingleFrame	Acquire a single frame when the [AcquisitionStart]
	command is executed.
MultiFrame	Acquire the number of frames specified in
	[AcquisitionFrameCount] when the [AcquisitionStart]
	command is executed.
Continuous	Acquire images continuously until the
	[AcquisitionStop] command is executed.

#### **Changing the Frame Rate**

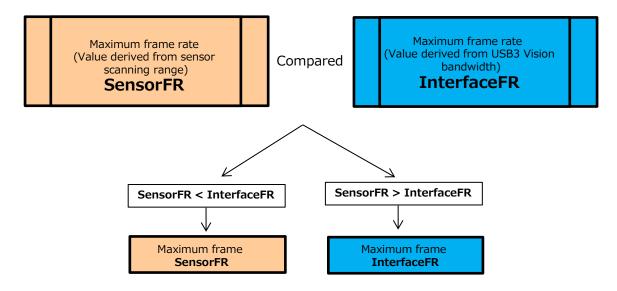
When [TriggerMode] is disabled, you can change the frame rate in [AcquisitionFrameRate].

# Note

- The shortest frame period varies depending on the ROI, pixel format, and binning mode selected. The longest frame period is 0.125 Hz (8 sec.).
- When TriggerMode[FrameStart] is enabled, the [AcquisitionFrameRate] setting is disabled.

# **Maximum Frame Rate**

The maximum frame rate is the smaller value between the SensorFR that is calculated from the readable range of the sensor and the InterfaceFR that is limited by the USB3 Vision bandwidth.



# ■ Maximum frame rate period formula About the H Period

For a full image, the H\_period values are as follows for each PixelFormat.

PixelFormat	H_period (us)
Mono8, Mono10p, Mono12p	
Mono10, Mono12	14.02
BayerRG8, BayerRG10p, BayerRG12p,	
BayerRG10, BayerRG12	14.02
BGR8, BGR10p	28.04

Calculate the H\_Period using the following formulas when cutting out a portion of the image using ROI.

■ When [PixelFormat] is Mono8, Mono10p, Mono12p, Mono10, Mono12, BayerRG8, BayerRG10p, BayerRG12p, BayerRG10, BayerRG12.

H\_Period = 14.02

■When [PixelFormat] is BGR8/BGR10p. H\_Count = Max(2082, (Width + 8) / 8 + 32) H\_Period = H\_Count / 74.25

# ■ During continuous operation ([Frame Start] trigger is [Off] or [ExposureMode] is [Off])

Maximum frame rate of sensor output
 SensorFR = 1 / ((Height\_s + 36)×Hperiod)

Maximum frame rate by interface
 InterfaceFR = 3000 × 1000000 / (Height\_s × Width × Pack value)

For a full image, the PackValue are as follows for each PixelFormat.

PixelFormat	PackValue
Mono8/BayerRG8	8
Mono10Packed/Mono12Packed/	
BayerRG10Packed/BayerRG12Packed	12
Mono10/Mono12/	
BayerRG10/BayerRG12	16
RGB8	24
RGB10V1Packed/RGB10p32	32

About the Height\_s
[SP-12401M-USB]
When [VerticalBinning] is [1]. Height\_s = Height
When [VerticalBinning] is [2]. Height\_s = Height x 2
[SP-12401C-USB] Height\_s = Height + 8

Maximum frame rate
 FR Cont = Min ( SensorFR > , < InterfaceFR > )

• Exposure time possible within frames

MaxOverlapTime\_longExp = (1 / FR\_Cont) - (14 × H\_Period)

• Exposure time outside of frame interval

NonOverlapExposureTime = ExposureTime - MaxOverlapTime\_long

However, NonOverlapExposureTime\_TrOloff calculation results that are 0 or below will be considered as 0.

For TriggerWidth, the trigger pulse is equivalent to ExposureTime.

Maximum frame rateFR\_longExp = 1 / { (1 / FR\_Cont) + NonOverlapExposureTime }

#### ■ When [Frame Start] trigger is [On] and [TriggerOverLap] is [Off]

- Maximum frame rate of sensor output
   Sensor FR = 1 / {H Period × (Height\_s + 36)}
- Maximum frame rate by interface
   Interface FR = 3000 × 1000000 / (Height×Width×Pack value)
- Maximum frame rate FR\_Cont = Min (< SensorFR > , < InterfaceFR >)
- Exposure time possible within frames
   MaxOverlapTime\_TrOloff = (1 / FR\_Cont) (1 / Sensor FR)
- Exposure time outside of frame interval NonOverlapExposureTime\_TrOloff = ExposureTime MaxOverlapTime\_TrOloff However, NonOverlapExposureTime\_TrOloff calculation results that are 0 or below will be considered as 0. For TriggerWidth, the trigger pulse is equivalent to ExposureTime.
- Maximum frame rate
   FR\_TrOloff = 1 / { (1 / FR\_Cont) + NonOverlapExposureTime\_TrOloff }

# ■ When [Frame Start] trigger is [On] and [TriggerOverLap] is [Readout]

- Maximum frame rate of sensor
   Sensor FR = 1 / {H Period × (Height\_s + 36)}
- Maximum frame rate by interface Interface FR =  $3000 \times 1000000$  / (Height × Width × Pack value)
- Maximum frame rate
   FR\_TrOloff = Min(Sensor FR, Interface FR)
- Exposure time possible within frames
   MaxOverlapTime\_TrOlrd = (1 / FR\_Cont) (14 × H\_Period)
- Exposure time outside of frame interval

  NonOverlapExposureTime\_TrOlrd = ExposureTime MaxOverlapTime\_TrOlrd

  However, NonOverlapExposureTime\_TrOlrd calculation results that are 0 or below will be considered as 0.

  For TriggerWidth, the trigger pulse is equivalent to ExposureTime.
- Maximum frame rate
   FR\_TrOlrd = 1 / { (1 / FR\_Cont) + NonOverlapExposureTime\_TrOlrd }

# **ExposureMode**

The following exposure modes are available on the camera.

ExposureMode	Description
Off	Exposure control is not performed (free-running operation).
	Mode in which control is performed using exposure time. Acquire
	images using an exposure time configured beforehand on an external
Timed	trigger.
	Mode in which control of the exposure time is performed using the
	pulse width of the trigger input signal. The exposure time will be the
	same as the pulse width of the trigger input signal. This allows long
TriggerWidth	exposure.

☼ The settings for exposure control and triggers are related to each other. Be sure to configure the settings described in "Trigger Control".

#### **Actual Exposure Times**

The shortest exposure times that can be configured are as follows.

ExposureMode	Shortest exposure time
Timed	15.26us (8bit)
TriggerWidth	15.26us (8bit)

- The actual exposure time will consist of the image sensor's offset duration (14.26  $\mu$ s) added to the setting configured on the camera.
- $\cdot$  When [ExposureMode] is set to [Timed] and the exposure time is set to 1  $\mu$ s, the actual exposure time will be as follows.
- $1 \mu s + 14.26 \mu s$  (offset duration of image sensor) = 15.26 μs
- When [ExposureMode] is set to [TriggerWidth], the exposure is slightly longer than the width of the trigger signal. To achieve an exposure time of 15.26  $\mu$ s and the exposure time offset is 14.26  $\mu$ s, use 15.26  $\mu$ s 14.26  $\mu$ s = 1  $\mu$ s as the high or low time for the trigger signal.

# **Trigger Control**

The camera allows the following controls to be performed via external trigger signals.

TriggerSelector	Description			
FrameStart	Start exposure in response to the external trigger signal input. Select			
	this to perform exposure control using external triggers.			
AcquisitionStart	Start image acquisition in response to the external trigger signal input.			
AcquisitionEnd	Stop image acquisition in response to the external trigger signal input.			
AcquisitionTransferStart	Output acquired images at a specified timing in response to an			
	external trigger signal input.			
	* There is a limit to the number of image frames that can be stored			
	internally. The limits for each image format are as follows. Acquired			
	images must be output to avoid exceeding these limits.			
	8 bit: Up to 8 frames (BGR8: 4 frames)			
	10 bit: Up to 8 frames (BGR10p: 4 frames)			
	12 bit: Up to 8 frames			

- The settings for exposure control and triggers are related to each other. Be sure to configure the settings described in "ExposureMode" .
- (1) You can delay when exposure actually starts after a trigger is received by a specific amount of time by configuring [TriggerDelay].

# **Shortest Repetition Period for Triggers**

The reciprocal of the maximum frame rate is the time required to output one frame. The shortest repetition periods for triggers cannot be lower than that value.

#### ■ SP-12401C-USB

		Shortest period of trigger				
Scanning range	BayerRG8	BayerRG10, BayerRG8 BayerRG10Packed BayerRG12Packed BayerRG12 BGR8 BGR10r				
Full	42.7ms	42.7ms	49.1ms	65.4ms	98.1ms	122.7ms
ROI (Height = 1500)	21.6ms	21.6ms	24.5ms	32.7ms	49.1ms	61.3ms
ROI (Height = 750)	11.1ms	11.1ms	12.3ms	16.4ms	24.5ms	30.7ms

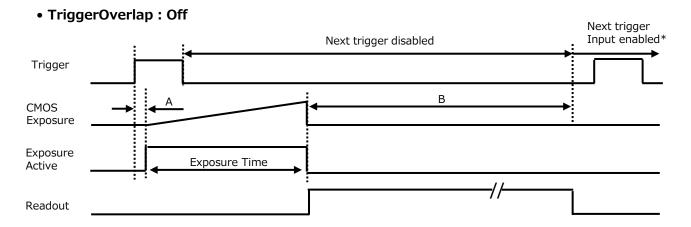
#### ■ SP-12401M-USB

	Shortest period of trigger			
Scanning range	Mono8 Mono10Packed Mono12Packed			Mono10, Mono12
Full	42.7ms	42.7ms	49.5ms	66.0ms
ROI (Height = 1500)	21.5ms	21.5ms	24.7ms	32.9ms
ROI (Height = 750)	11.0ms	11.0ms	12.3ms	16.4ms
BinningVertical2	42.7ms	42.7ms	42.7ms	42.7ms

The above table indicates the shortest trigger periods for when [TriggerOverLap] is set to [Readout]. When [TriggerOverLap] is set to [Off], even when the exposure time is shorter than the frame period, the cycle may be extended.

# ■ When [ExposureMode] is [Timed]

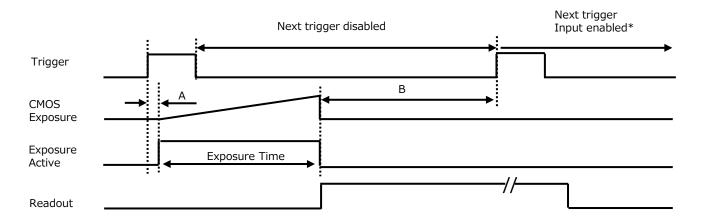
Example: When [TriggerSource] is set to [Line 5 - OptIn1] and [OptInFilterSelector] is set to [10  $\mu$ s]



PixelFormat	Line period (usec)	Period from trigger start edge to exposure start [A] (usec)	Period exposure end to frame trigger wait start [B] (usec)
Mono8	14.02	43.1	42,438
Mono10P	14.02	43.1	42,438
Mono12P	14.02	43.1	47,432
Mono10, Mono12	14.02	43.1	63,924
BayerRG8	14.02	43.1	42,438
BayerRG10P	14.02	43.1	42,438
BayerRG12P	14.02	43.1	47,013
BayerRG10, BayerRG12	14.02	43.1	63,365
BGR8	28.04	85.2	96,027
BGR10P	28.04	85.2	120,555

<sup>\*)</sup> If the exposure time is longer than the frame period excluding [B], the next trigger input will not be accepted.

# • TriggerOverlap : readout

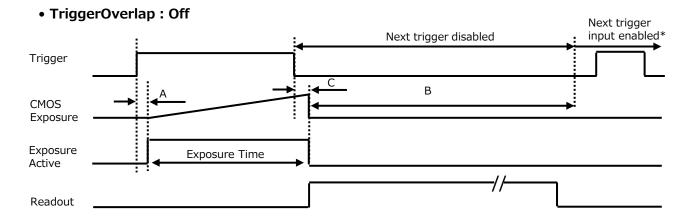


PixelFormat	Line period (usec)	Period from trigger start edge to exposure start [A] (usec)	Period exposure end to frame trigger wait start [B] (usec)
Mono8	14.02	43.1	42,633
Mono10P	14.02	43.1	42,633
Mono12P	14.02	43.1	49,431
Mono10, Mono12	14.02	43.1	65,923
BayerRG8	14.02	43.1	42,633
BayerRG10P	14.02	43.1	42,633
BayerRG12P	14.02	43.1	49,012
BayerRG10, BayerRG12	14.02	43.1	65,364
BGR8	28.04	85.2	98,026
BGR10P	28.04	85.2	122,554

<sup>\*)</sup> If the exposure time is longer than the frame period excluding [B], the next trigger input will not be accepted.

# ■ When [ExposureMode] is [TriggerWidth]

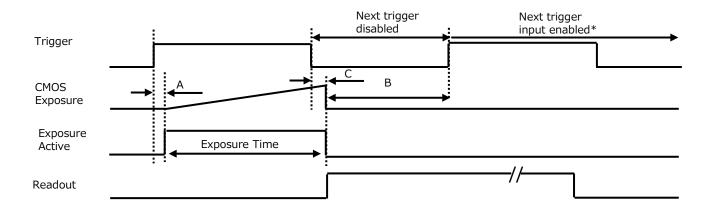
# Example: When [TriggerSource] is set to [Line 5 - Optical In 1] and [OptInFilterSelector] is set to [10 $\mu$ s]



PixelFormat	Line period (usec)	Period from trigger start edge to exposure start [A] (usec)	Period exposure end to frame trigger wait start [B] (usec)	Period trigger end edge to exposure end [C] (usec)
Mono8	14.02	43.1	42,438	43.1
Mono10P	14.02	43.1	42,438	43.1
Mono12P	14.02	43.1	47,432	43.1
Mono10, Mono12	14.02	43.1	63,924	43.1
BayerRG8	14.02	43.1	42,438	43.1
BayerRG10P	14.02	43.1	42,438	43.1
BayerRG12P	14.02	43.1	47,013	43.1
BayerRG10, BayerRG12	14.02	43.1	63,365	43.1
BGR8	28.04	85.2	96,027	85.2
BGR10P	28.04	85.2	120,555	85.2

<sup>\*)</sup> If the exposure time is longer than the frame period excluding [B], the next trigger input will not be accepted.

# • TriggerOverlap : readout



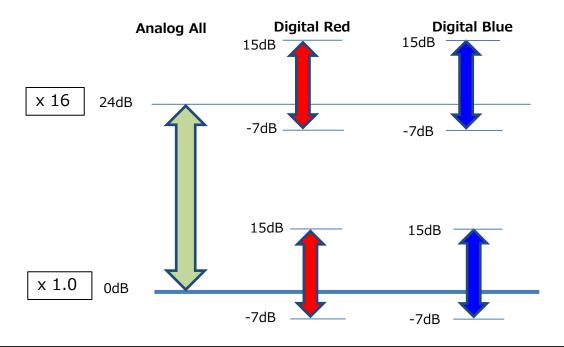
PixelFormat	Line period (usec)	Period from trigger start edge to exposure start [A] (usec)	Period minimum exposure end to frame trigger wait start [B] (usec)	Period trigger end edge to exposure end [C] (usec)
Mono8	14.02	43.1	42,633	43.1
Mono10P	14.02	43.1	42,633	43.1
Mono12P	14.02	43.1	49,431	43.1
Mono10, Mono12	14.02	43.1	65,923	43.1
BayerRG8	14.02	43.1	42,633	43.1
BayerRG10P	14.02	43.1	42,633	43.1
BayerRG12P	14.02	43.1	49,012	43.1
BayerRG10, BayerRG12	14.02	43.1	65,364	43.1
BGR8	28.04	85.2	98,026	85.2
BGR10P	28.04	85.2	122,554	85.2

<sup>\*)</sup> If the exposure time is longer than the frame period excluding [B], the next trigger input will not be accepted.

# **Gain Control**

Adjust the [AnalogAll] (master gain) setting first, and then adjust the [AnalogRed], [DigitalRed], [AnalogBlue], and [DigitalBlue] setting values to perform fine adjustment.

\*) Adjustment of DigitalRed and DigitalBlue is possible only for SP-12401C-USB



#### **Automatic Gain Level Control**

Set [GainAuto] to [Continuous] to control the gain level automatically.

When [GainAuto] is set to [Continuous], you can configure the conditions for automatic adjustment in detail.

Item	Description
ALCReference	Specify the target level for automatic gain control. (This setting
	is also used for automatic exposure control.)
ALCAreaEnableAll	Select whether to specify all areas as auto gain metering areas
	or whether to specify the areas individually.
	[False]: Specify areas as auto gain metering areas (16 areas)
	individually.[True]: Specify all areas as auto gain metering
	areas.
ALCAreaSelector	Individually select any of 16 areas for automatic gain metering.
	(This setting is also used for automatic exposure control.)
ALCAreaEnable	Select [True] to enable the metering area selected in
	[ALCAreaSelector], or select [False] to disable it.
AGCMax.	Specify the maximum value for the automatic gain control
	range.
AGCMin.	Specify the minimum value for the automatic gain control
	range.
ALCControlSpeed	Specify the reaction speed for automatic gain control. (This
	setting is also used for automatic exposure control.)

When [GainAuto] is set to [Continuous], automatic adjustment will be performed continuously.

When [GainAuto] is set to [Once], automatic adjustment will be performed only once.

## Auto gain metering areas (16 areas)

High	High	High	High
Left	Mid-left	Mid-right	Right
Mid-High	Mid-High	Mid-High	Mid-High
Left	Mid-left	Mid-right	Right
Mid-Low	Mid-Low	Mid-Low	Mid-Low
Left	Mid-left	Mid-right	Right
Low	Low	Low	Low
Left	Mid-left	Mid-right	Right

# Lookup Table (LUT)

The LUT function is used to generate a non-linear mapping between signal values captured on the sensor and those that are output from the camera. You can specify the output curve using 257 setting points (indexes).

# ■ To use the LUT function

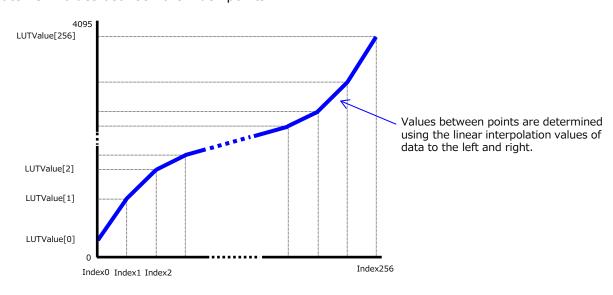
Configure the settings as follows.

	Setting value /		
Item	selectable range	Description	
LUTMode	LUT	Use LUT.	
LUTSelector*	Red, Green, Blue	Select the LUT channel to control.	
		Select the LUT index to configure. Indexes represent the	
		possible pixel values captured on the sensor, from the	
		lowest value (Index 0) to the highest (Index 256). For	
		example, Index 0 represents a full black pixel and Index	
LUTIndex	$0\sim256$	256 represents a full white pixel.	
LUTValue	0 ~ 4095	Set the LUT output value for the selected index.	

<sup>\*)</sup> SP-12401C-USB only

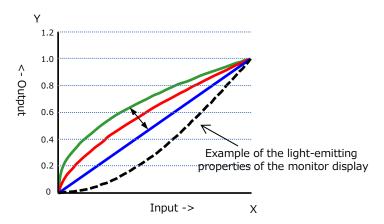
#### **■ LUT values**

LUT values range from 0 at the lowest to 4095 at the highest. Linear interpolation is used to calculate LUT values between the index points.



# **Gamma Function**

The gamma function corrects the output signals from the camera beforehand (reverse correction), taking into consideration the light-emitting properties of the monitor display. As the light-emitting properties of the monitor are not linear, the entire image may be darker or the gradation in the dark areas may be less noticeable when camera outputs are displayed without processing. The gamma function can be used to correct the camera signals with an opposite-direction curve and produce a display that is close to linear.



#### ■ To use the gamma function

Configure the settings as follows.

	Setting value /	
Item	selectable range	Description
	0.45, 0.5, 0.55, 0.6, 0.65,	
Gamma	0.75, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0	Select the gamma correction value.
LUTMode	Gamma	Use gamma.

# Note

You can use the LUT function to configure a curve with more detailed points. For details, see "Lookup Table (LUT)".

# LineStatus

The line status function allows you to verify the status of external input/output signals. You can verify the status of the following signals.

- Line5-OptIn1, Line6-OptIn2
- NANDGate0In1, NANDGate0In2
- NANDGate1In1, NANDGate1In2
- Line1-TTLOut1, Line2-OptOut1
- TimestampReset

# **BlemishCompensation**

Multiple defective pixels that are not adjacent to each other can occur on conventional CMOS sensor cameras.

This camera features a function that interpolates defective pixels using the surrounding pixels. Up to 800 pixels can be corrected for each of the three sensors. Pixel interpolation can be performed via automatic detection or point-by-point manual settings.

#### ■ Automatic detection

Automatic detection can only detect lit defective pixels (i.e., white blemishes).

# **1** Shield the camera sensor.

If a lens is attached, use the lens cap as a shield, for example.

# **7** Configure the threshold level for defective pixel detection.

Up to 800 pixels can be corrected.

The threshold value is specified as a percentage.

The default setting is "10" with 10% of the full scale (100%) specified as the threshold value.

# **2** Execute [BlemishDetect] to start automatic detection.

After detection, the interpolation data is saved to the camera's internal memory.

#### To check the number of interpolated pixels after automatic detection

You can check the number of pixels interpolated via automatic detection by loading the BlemishNum data.

# ■ Manual configuration

# **1** Select the index in [BlemishCompensationIndex].

You can select from 1 to 800. However, configure the indexes in order starting with the smallest index. If you skip indexes while configuring settings, interpolation may not be performed.

# 2 Specify the pixel points for interpolation using the [BlemishCompensationPositionX] and [BlemishCompensationPositionY] settings.

You can configure values that are within the total effective pixel area. Specify pixels for which interpolation is not necessary as -1. If 0 is specified, the first line or first pixel will be interpolated.

#### Note

BlemishCompensationDataClear[BlemishCompensationIndex], you can return a specific pixel correction setting to the default value (storage not required).

# **3** Execute [BlemishStore].

Blemish compensation data will be stored.

# **Set** [BlemishEnable] to [True], and execute interpolation.

If it is set to [False], Blemish compensation is not effective.

# **ShadingCorrection**

The ShadingCorrection function corrects non-uniformity (i.e., shading) in the amount of light generated by the lens and lighting equipment. Using this function allows correction even if top, bottom, left, and right shading is not symmetrical in relation to the center of the screen (H, V).

This function can be used even when the effective image area is limited (an area with both Width and Height set to more than 128 must be configured) by the ROI function. In such cases, the correction area is included in the image area configured by the ROI.

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For a full image, the number of correction blocks is 17 (H)  $\times$  12 (V) blocks and calculation errors in the correction data are minimized due to the small interpolation areas. Each block is 256  $\times$  256 pixels. The total size of the blocks is 4352 (H) $\times$  3072 (V), but the actual number of effective pixels for the camera is 4112 (H)  $\times$ 3008 (V) .The ineffective peripheral areas will be deleted internally on the camera automatically.

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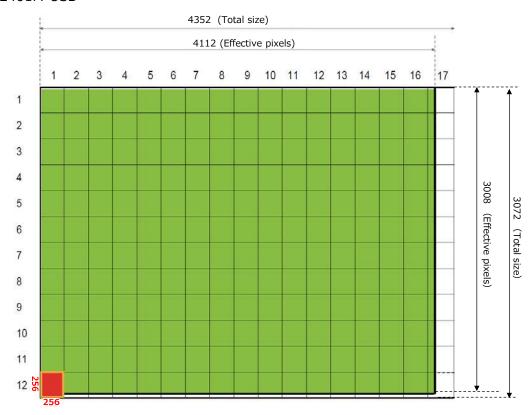
For a full image, the number of correction blocks is 16 (H)  $\times$  12 (V) blocks.

The total size of the blocks is 4096 (H)  $\times$  3072 (V).

The actual number of effective pixels for the camera is 4088 (H) x 3000 (V).

When using ROI, the number of blocks and the number of pixels that comprise each block differ from a full image.

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The following shading correction modes are available on the camera.

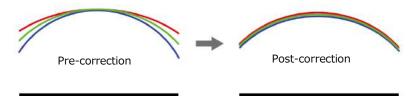
#### **■** FlatShading

Correction is performed using the area of the screen with the highest brightness level as the reference, and adjusting the brightness levels of the other areas to match this level.



#### ■ ColorShading (SP-12401C-USB only)

R-channel and B-channel properties are adjusted to using the G-channel shading properties as a reference.



#### Caution

- For FlatShading and ColorShading, the maximum amount of correction gain for all pixels is limited to 8 times the amount of gain before correction. (The amount of gain cannot be increased to more than 8 times the amount of gain from before correction.)
- If the area in the screen with the highest brightness level is 175 LSB or less (during 10-bit video output), proper correction is not possible.

#### ■ To use the shading correction function

Configure the settings as follows.

Item	Setting value	Description
ShadingCorrectionMode	FlatShading, ColorShading	Select the shading correction mode.
ShadingMode	User1, User2, User3, Off	Select the user area to which to save the
		shading correction value.

Display a white chart under a uniform light, and execute [PerformShadingCalibration].

## Note

After shading correction is executed, the shading correction value is automatically saved to the user area selected in [ShadingMode].

# **Binning Function**

(SP-12401M-USB only)

The binning function allows you to combine the signal values of clusters of adjacent pixels to create improved virtual pixels. Using the function results in images with lower pixel resolution and higher sensitivity.

# **ROI** (Regional Scanning Function)

The ROI (region of interest) function allows you to output images by specifying the areas to scan.

#### **ROI Settings**

Specify the area to scan by specifying width, height, and horizontal/vertical offset values under [ImageFormatControl].

For details on how to configure the settings, see "Configuring the Output Format".

You can increase the frame rate by specifying a lower height, as the number of lines scanned decreases. The setting ranges for the ROI function's readable area based on the Binning setting (BinningHorizontal, BinningVertical) are as follows.

#### SP-12401M-USB

Width (pixels)	Height (pixels)		
BinningHorizontal Off:	BinningVerticall Off:		
16 to 4112, 8 pixels / step	8 to 3008, 4 lines / step		
BinningHorizontal On:	BinningVertical On:		
8 to 2056, 4 pixels / step	8 to 1504, 2 lines / step		

Offset X (pixels)	Offset Y (pixels)	
BinningHorizontal Off:	BinningHorizontal Off:	
0 to 4096, 8 pixels / step	0 to 3004, 4 lines / step	
BinningHorizontal On:	BinningVertical On:	
0 to 2048, 4 pixels / step	0 to 1500, 2 lines / step	

#### SP-12401C-USB

Width (pixels)	Height (pixels)
16 to 4088, 8 pixels / step	8 to 3000, 4 lines / step
Offeet V (pivels)	055-174 (-11-)
Offset X (pixels)	Offset Y (pixels)

#### **Example 1) Without Binning**

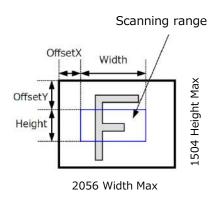
[BinningHorizontal] :1 [BinningVertical] :1

# Scanning range OffsetY Height Width Xew Height



#### **Example 2) With Binning**

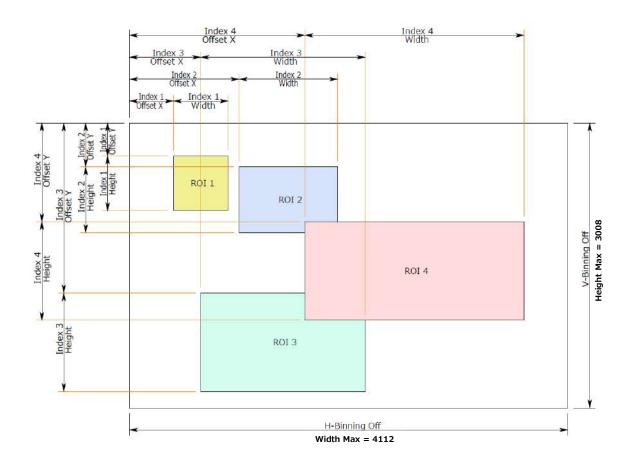
[BinningHorizontal] :2 [BinningVertical] :2



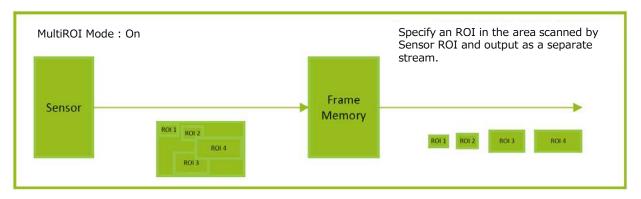
<sup>\*</sup> For details on the frame rates for common ROI sizes, see "Frame Rate Reference" .

# Overlap Multi ROI Mode

In Overlap Multi ROI mode, you can specify up to five scanning areas (Index 1 to 5) for a single-frame image. The areas can overlap, and a separate frame will be output for each area.



Specify the areas by specifying width, height, and horizontal/vertical offset values for each index under [JAICustomControlMultiROI].



# **Sequencer Function**

The Sequencer function lets you define up to 128 index combinations of exposure time, gain, ROI, and other settings which can be stepped through each time a trigger is received. This is particularly useful for quickly capturing multiple exposures of objects under inspection to adjust for areas or components with significantly different levels of reflectance. You can specify the next index in the stepping sequence and the order in which indexes are executed. Multiple indexes can also be executed repeatedly.

Two operation modes (TriggerSequencer mode and CommandSequencer mode) are available for the Sequencer function.

#### Note

Sequencer function can not be used with Overlap Multi ROI Function.

#### **About indexes (imaging conditions)**

Up to 128 indexes can be configured. The following settings can be configured for each index. However, SequencerFrameNumber and SequencerSetNext can only be configured in TriggerSequencer mode.

#### **Trigger Sequencer mode**

With this mode, the Sequencer Trigger "pattern" is predetermined by the user. The user defines up to 128 different "indexes." The items indicated in the above index can be configured for each index. The operation of this mode is controlled using the following five commands.

#### [SequencerSetActive]

This allows you to confirm the currently configured index number.

#### [SequencerSetStart]

This configures the index number to execute at the start of TriggerSequencer mode.

#### [SequencerLUTMode]

This defines whether to apply gamma or LUT to the sequence. When gamma is selected, the gamma setting defined in [AnalogControl] is applied to all exposures in the sequence. When LUT is selected, the LUT characteristics defined in [AnalogControl] are applied to indexes for which [SequencerLUT enable] is set to ON.

#### [SequencerReset]

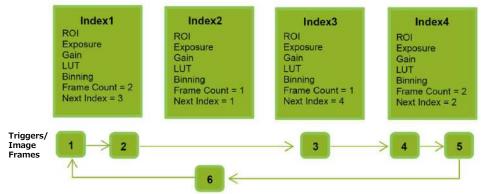
During TriggerSequencer mode operation, this switches the index number to be executed to that specified in [SequencerSetStart].

#### [SequencerRepetition]

This parameter applies to TriggerSequencer patterns which include an index whose [SequencerROINextIndex] is set to 0 (OFF). When the index whose [SequencerROINextIndex] is set to 0 (OFF) is finished executing, the value of Sequencer Repetition (range = 1-255) is decremented internally. If the result of the decrement is not zero, the TriggerSequencer pattern starts over from the index specified in SequencerSetStart. If the result of the decrement is zero, the status changes to Acquisition Stop and external triggers are not accepted.

#### Sample TriggerSequencer mode operation

User-defined Indexes (up to 128)



- Specify "1" in [SequencerSetStart], and start TriggerSequencer mode with index 1.
- **7** Capture a 2-frame image with the first and second triggers.
- For the next index, configure index 3 specified in [SequencerSetNext], and capture an image with the number of frames (number of triggers) specified in [SequencerFrameNumber].

Proceed to sequence from index 4 to index 2 to index 1.

#### Note

In addition to repeating multiple conditions as in the above example, you can specify "0" (which indicates the end of TriggerSequencer mode) in [SequencerSetNext] of index 2, and specify the number of repetitions in [SequencerRepetition].

#### **Command Sequencer mode**

As with TriggerSequencer mode, you can define up to 128 indexes beforehand in this mode. Set [SequencerCommandIndex] to point to one of your pre-configured indexes. This index will be executed on each trigger, until it is changed to point to a different index, typically by your vision application. In this way, Command Sequencer mode allows you to programmatically adjust your sequence in response to image analysis or input from other sensors.

#### Note

- The same index table will be executed for subsequent triggers unless the [CommandSequencerIndex] value is changed.
- [SequencerFrameNumber] and [SequencerSetNext] cannot be used in CommandSequencer mode.



## **Delayed Readout**

Delayed readout allows images captured by a [FrameStart] trigger command to be stored temporarily inside the camera (delayed readout buffer) and read out using a [AcquisitionTransferStart] trigger after capture. This function is useful when executing triggers simultaneously on multiple cameras.

#### Note

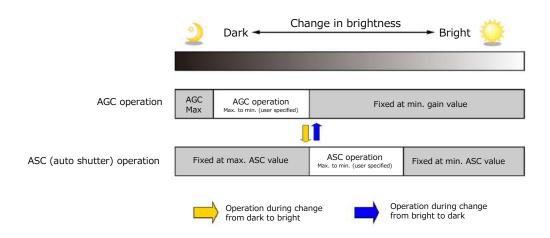
This function imposes a heavy processing load on the network bandwidth, as images from multiple cameras are read out simultaneously. The number of frames that can be stored for delayed readout depends on PixelFormat.

For details, see "Trigger Control".

## **ALC (Automatic Level Control) Function**

The ALC (automatic level control) function combines the automatic gain control (AGC/Auto Gain Control) and automatic exposure control (ASC/Auto Shutter Control) functions, and is capable of handling various changes in brightness. The function operates as follows in response to changes in brightness.

Change from bright to dark: ASC  $\rightarrow$  AGC Change from dark to bright: AGC  $\square$  ASC



#### ■ To use the ALC function

Set [GainAuto] or [ExposureAuto] or both to [Continuous] mode. Configure the minimum value, maximum value, etc. for AGC and ASC under [JAICustomControlALC]. The target video levels for AGC and ASC are configured in [ALCReference]. For example, when [ALCReference] is set to 95%, video levels will be maintained at 95% for AGC and ASC.

## Color Space Conversion (ColorTransformationControl)

The SP-12401C-USB model allows you to convert the standard color space (RGB) that is used to produce colors into other color spaces, including XYZ and HSI.

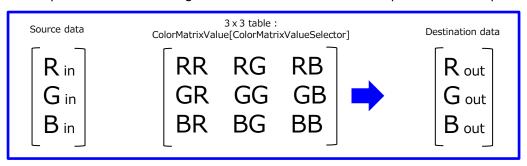
Five color spaces are available: RGB(sRGB), RGB(AdobeRGB), RGB(UserCustom), XYZ, and HSI. Specify the desied color space by configuring ColorTransofrmationMode and ColorTransformationRGBMode as follows.

\*) This function is valid only when PixelFormat is BGR8, BGR10p.

ColorTransformation	ColorTransformationMode	ColorTransformationRGBMode
RGB(sRGB)	RGB	sRGB
RGB(AdobeRGB)	RGB	AdobeRGB
RGB(UserCustom)	RGB	UserCustom
XYZ	XYZ	Off
HSI	HSI	Off
Default	RGB	Off

#### ■ Note on RGB (UserCustom)

This allows you to use user configured 3x3 conversion tables to perform color space conversion.



#### Caution

If you set the color space to XYZ or HSI, JAI Control Tool will not display the images captured by the camera properly. To display them properly, XYZ- or HSI-compatible image processing must be performed on the computer side.

Configuration 3x3 table. Select the item you want to configure in [ColorMatrixValueSelector]. And configure the value in [ColorMatrixValue]. [ColorMatrixValue] can be set to a value from -2 to +2.

Item	Setting value	Description
ColorMatrixValueSelector	ColorMatrixR-R, ColorMatrixR-G, ColorMatrixR-B,	Select the ColorMatrix setting
	ColorMatrixG-R, ColorMatrixG-G, ColorMatrixG-B,	component.
	ColorMatrixB-R, ColorMatrixB-G, ColorMatrixB-B	
ColorMatrixValue	-2 to 2	Set the Color Matrix value.

#### Note

Color space (HSI)

Value of Hue: For 0°-360°, specify as follows.

8bit output: 2°/step 0°(00000000)  $\sim$  360°(10110100) 10bit output: 0.5°/step 0°(000000000)  $\sim$  360°(1011010000) 12bit output: 0.125°/step 0°(00000000000)  $\sim$  360°(101101000000)

Value of Saturation, Intensity: For 0% - 100%, specify as follows.

8bit output:  $0\%(0000000) \sim 100\%(11111111)$ 10bit output :  $0\%(0000000) \sim 100\%(111111111)$ 12bit output :  $0\%(0000000) \sim 100\%(11111111111)$ 

## **Edge Enhancer, Color Enhancer**

This camera is equipped with an edge enhancer function for enhancing the contrast of lines or edges within images and a color enhancer function for enhancing specified colors.

#### **Edge enhancer function**

The edge enhancer function is enabled when EnhancerEnable[Edge] is set to True. Four enhancement levels are available: Low, Middle, High, and Strong.

\*) For SP-12401C-USB, This function is valid only when PixelFormat is BGR8, BGR10p.

#### Color enhancer function (SP-12401C-USB only)

The color enhancer function is enabled when EnhancerEnable[Color] is set to True. Set a value from 0 to 1 (0.1 steps) for ColorEnhancerValue[ColorEnhancerSelector] to set the enhancement to one of ten levels (0: no enhancement; 1: approx. x2 the color level of the original data) Six colors can be specified in ColorEnhancerSelector: Red, Cyan, Green, Magenta, Blue, and Yellow.

\*) This function is valid only when PixelFormat is BGR8, BGR10p.

## CounterAndTimerControl Function

This camera supports only the counter function.

The counter function counts up change points in the camera's internal signals using the camera's internal counter, and reads that information from the host side. This function is useful for verifying error conditions via the count value using internal camera operations. Four counters are available on the camera; Counter0, Counter1, Counter2, and Counter3.

The functions that can be counted are fixed for each counter.

 ${\tt Counter 0: Counts \ the \ number \ of \ Frame Start Trigger \ instances.}$ 

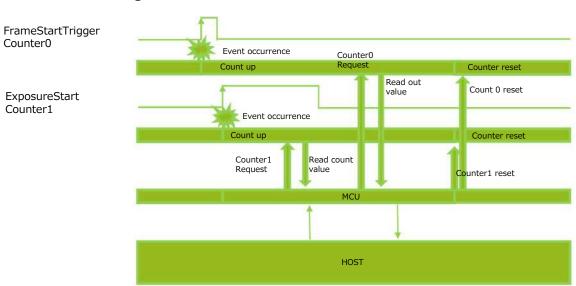
Counter1: Counts the number of ExposureStart instances.

Counter2: Counts the number of SensorReadOut instances.

Counter3: Counts the number of FrameTransferEnd instances.

When a problem occurs in a system that includes this camera, comparing the values from multiple counters allows you to verify the extent of normal operability and can be useful when investigating the cause of the problem.

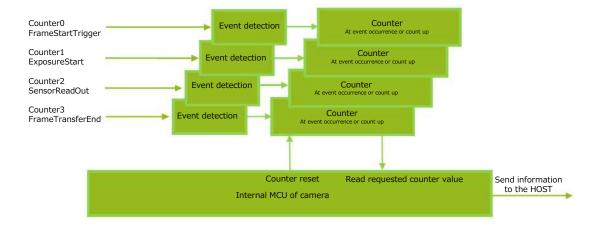
#### ■ Counter occurrence diagram



### Note

You can reset a specific counter's count value by executing CounterReset[Counter0, Counter1, Counter2, Counter3].

#### ■ Internal camera blocks



#### ■ To use the counter function

Configure the settings as follows.

Four counters are available. Specify a counter (Counter0 to Counter3), and configure the settings.

	Setting value /	
Item	selectable range	Description
Counter 0 $\sim$ 3	Counter 0 $\sim$ 3	Select the counter.
CounterEventSource	Counter0	Select the counter event signal
	Off, Frame Trigger	for which to read the count
	Counter1	value.
	Off, ExposureStart	When set to Off, the counter
	Counter2	operation will stop (but will not
	Off, SensorReadOut	be reset).
	Counter3	
	Off, FrameTransferEnd	
CounterEventActivation	When the counter function is	Specify the timing at which to
	enabled, Counter0, Counter1,	count.
	and Counter2 are fixed at	
	RisingEdge. Counter3 is fixed	
	at FallingEdge.	

## VideoProcessBypassMode

The video process bypass mode is a function that bypasses internal video processing on the camera. When bypass is enabled, the sensor output and camera output data can be set to the same bit width.

12-bit outputs can only be performed in bypass mode.

VideoProcessBypassMode	On	Off
Camera operation	The following functions will be	All video processes are enabled.
	disabled, regardless of their	
	configurations.	
	Gain[DigitalRed],	
	Gain[DigitalBlue] ,	
	BlackLevel,	
	LUT,	
	Shading,	
	Binning(H,V),	
	Enhancement,	
	ColorMatrix	
Camera output	The following formats will be	The following formats will be
(PixelFormat)	available.	available.
	Mono8, Mono10, Mono10p,	Mono8,Mono10, Mono10p,
	BayerRG8, BayerRG10,	BayerRG8, BayerRG10,
	BayerRG10p, BGR8, BGR10p	BayerRG10p, BGR8, BGR10p
	Mono12, Mono12p,	
	BayerRG12, BayerRG12p	

#### ■ Functions available in VideoProcessBypassMode

The following functions can be used in video process bypass mode.

Gain[AnalogAll], Gain[AnalogRed], Gain[AnalogGreen], Gain[AnalogBlue],
AutoGainControl, AutoShutterControl, AutoWhiteBalance, SequencerMode,
BlemishCompensation

## **Chunk Data Function**

The Chunk Data function adds camera configuration information to the image data that is output from the camera. Embedding camera configuration information in the image data allows you to use the serial number of the camera as a search key and find specific image data from among large volumes of image data. In addition, when images are shot with a single camera in sequence under multiple setting conditions, you can search for images by their setting conditions.

The following information can be added to image data as chunk data.

#### ■ Configuring Chunk Data

**1** Set [ChunkModeActive] to [True].

2 Select the items of information you want added to image data with [ChunkSelector], and set [ChunkEnable] from [False] to [True].

#### Note

When [ChunkModeActive] is set to [True], [ChunkImage] is automatically set to [True].

#### Caution =

The Chunk Data function settings cannot be changed during image output. To change the settings, stop Acquisition.

<sup>\*)</sup> For items that can be added to image data as Chunk Data, refer to [m) ChunkDataControl] in the setting item list.

# **Setting List**

# **Feature Properties**

Item	Setting range	Default value	Description
a) DeviceControl			Display/configure information related to the
			device.
DeviceVendorName	_	"JAI Corporation"	Display the manufacturer name.
DeviceModelName	_	SP-12401M-USB/	Display the model name.
		SP-12401C-USB	
DeviceManufacturerInfo	_	See the possibilities	Display the manufacturer information.
DeviceVersion	_	_	Display the hardware version.
DeviceFirmwareVersion	_	_	Display the firmware version.
DeviceSerialNumber	_	_	Display the device ID.
DeviceUserID	Any	_	Set the user ID (64bytes) for the camera.
DeviceTemperatureSelector	Mainboard	Mainboard	Select the area of the camera's interior for which to display the temperature sensor's reading. (fixed Mainboard)
DeviceTemperature(C)	_	_	Display the internal temperature (°C) of the camera.
Timestamp (ns)	_	0~9223372036854775807 (maximum value of signed 64-bit)	Display the timestamp value. Resets to 0 when the signed maximum 64-bit value is exceeded.
TimestampReset	-	_	Forcibly sets the timestamp's count value to 0.
TimestampLatch	_	_	Sets the timestamp's count value to
TimestampLatchValue (ns)	0~9223372036854775807 (maximum value of signed 64- bit)	0	TimestampLatchValue.
DeviceReset	_	_	Reset the device. (After the camera receives this command, it returns an ACK response. Then, execute reset.)

Item	Setting range	Default value	Description
b) ImageFormatControl	Detting runge	Delaute value	Configure image format settings.
SensorWidth	4112	4112	Display the maximum image width.
SensorHeight	3008	3008	Display the maximum image height.
SensorDigitizationBits	12 Bits	12 Bits	Display the number of bits at which the
			sensor is operating.
WidthMax	SP-12401M-PGE	SP-12401M-PGE	Display the maximum image width.
Wideliniax	BinningHorizontal 1:	BinningHorizontal 1:	(The values are different between
	4112	4112	SP-12401M-USB and SP-12401C-USB.)
	BinningHorizontal 2:	BinningHorizontal 2:	,
	2056	2056	(SP-12401M-USB: This value will vary
	SP-12401C-PGE	SP-12401C-PGE	depending on the HorizontalBinning setting.)
	4088	4088	
HeightMax	SP-12401M-PGE	SP-12401M-PGE	Display the maximum image height.
	BinningVertical 1:	BinningVertical 1:	(The values are different between SP-
	3008	3008	12401M-USB and SP-12401C-USB.)
	BinningVertical 2:	BinningVertical 2:	(SP-12401M-USB : This value will vary
	1504	1504	depending on the VerticalBinning setting.)
	SP-12401C-PGE	SP-12401C-PGE	
	3000	3000	
Width	SP-12401M-PGE	SP-12401M-PGE	Set the image width.
	BinningHorizontal 1:	BinningHorizontal 1:	
	16∼4112 step 8 BinningHorizontal 2:	4112 BinningHorizontal 2:	
	8~2056 step 4	2056	
	SP-12401C-PGE	SP-12401C-PGE	
	16~4088 step 8	4088	
Height	SP-12401M-PGE	SP-12401M-PGE	Set the image height.
	BinningVertical 1:	BinningVertical 1:	oct and amage neight.
	8 ~ 3008 step 2	3008	
	BinningVertical 1:	BinningVertical 1:	
	$8\sim 1504$ step 2	1504	
	SP-12401C-PGE	SP-12401C-PGE	
	$8\sim3000$ step 2	3000	
OffsetX	SP-12401M-PGE	0	Set the horizontal offset.
	BinningVertical 1:		
	0 ~ 4096 step 8		
	BinningVertical 2:		
	0 ~ 2048 step 4		
	SP-12401C-PGE 0 ∼ 4072 step 8		
06-14	<u>'</u>	0	Cat the continue of an
OffsetY	SP-12401M-PGE	0	Set the vertical offset.
	BinningVertical 1: $0 \sim 3000 \text{ step 4}$		
	BinningVertical 2:		
	0 ~ 1496 step 2		
	SP-12401C-PGE		
	0 ∼ 2992 step 4		
BinningHorizontalMode	Average, Sum	Sum	Set the addition process to be used during
Dirining for izonean loce	, werage, sam	Sam	horizontal binning.
			(SP-12401M-USB only)
RinningHorizontal	1.2	1	Set the number of pixels in the horizontal
BinningHorizontal	1,2	1	
			direction for which to perform binning.
			(SP-12401M-USB only)
BinningVerticalMode	Average, Sum	Sum	Display the addition process to be used
			during vertical binning.
			(SP-12401M-USB only)
BinningVertical	1,2	1	Set the number of pixels in the vertical
			direction for which to perform binning.
			(SP-12401M-USB only)
			<u>'</u>

PixelFormat	SP-12401M-USB	SP-12401M-USB	Set the pixel format.
	Mono8, Mono10, Mono10p, Mono12, Mono12p SP-12401C-USB	Mono8 SP-12401C-USB BayerRG8	The following modes are enabled when [VideoProcessBypassMode] is set to [On].
	BayerRG8, BayerRG10, BayerRG10p, BayerRG12, BayerRG12p, BGR8, BGR10p		SP-12401M-USB:  Mono12, Mono12p SP-12401C-USB:  BayerRG12, BayerRG12p
TestPattern	Off, GreyHorizontalRamp, GreyVerticalRamp, GreyHorizontalRampMoving, The following modes are enabled for SP-12401C-USB. HorizontalColorBar, VerticalColorBar, HorizontalColorBarMoving	Off	Select the test image.

Item	Setting range	Default value	Description
c) AcquisitionControl	Jetting range	Delault value	Configure image capture settings.
AcquisitionMode	SingleFrame,	Countinuous	Select the image capture mode.
/ toquiotilorii todo	MultiFrame, Continuous	oo an	ooleet the image captare model
	rialin rame, continuous		
AcquisitionStart	_	_	Start image capture.
AcquisitionStop	_	<u>-</u>	Stop image capture.
AcquisitionFrameCount	1~65535	1	In [MultiFrame] mode, set the number of
			frames to capture.
AcquisitionFrameRate(Hz)	0.125~		Set the frame rate as a frequency. (unit:
			Hz)
			The maximum value varies depending on the
			PixelFormat and ROI settings.
TriggerSelector	AcquisitionStart,	AcquisitionStart	Select the trigger operation.
Trigger Selector	AcquisitionEnd,		Sciect the trigger operation.
	FrameStart,		
	AcquisitionTransferStart		
TriggerMode	Off, On	Off	Select the trigger mode.
TriggerSoftware			Execute a software trigger.
TriggerSource	Low, High	TriggerSource	Select the trigger signal source.
	Software	[AcquisitionStart]=Low	
	PulseGenerator0	T : C	
	PulseGenerator1 PulseGenerator2	TriggerSource	
	PulseGenerator3	[AcquisitionEnd]=Low	
	UserOutput0	TriggerSource	
	UserOutput1	[FrameStart]=FrameStart	
	UserOutput2		
	UserOutput3	TriggerSource	
	Line5 - OptIn1	[AcquisitionTransferStart]	
	Line6 - OptIn2	=Low	
	NANDOOut		
	NAND1Out		
TriggerActivation	RisingEdge, FallingEdge LevelHigh, LevelLow	RisingEdge	Select the polarity of the trigger signal (i.e., location of signal at which trigger is applied).
	Levelingii, Levellow		(i.e., location of signal at which digger is applied).
TriggerOverlap	Off, ReadOut	TriggerOverlap	Select the trigger overlap operation.
		[AcquisitionStart] = Off	
		TriggerOverlap	
		[AcquisitionEnd] = Off	
		TriggerOverlap	
		[FrameStart]=ReadOut	
		TriggerOverlap	
		[AcquisitionTransferStart] =Off	
TriggerDelay (us)	0~500000	0	Set the time of exposure start from trigger
			input. (unit: µs)
Evnesura Mada Ontion	Off DCT	Off	Set whether to enable RCT mode.
ExposureModeOption	Off, RCT	OII	Set whether to enable RC1 mode.
ExposureMode	Off, Timed,	Timed	Select the exposure mode.
	TriggerWidth		
ExposureTime (us)	1µs ∼	-	Set the exposure time. The specifiable range
, ,	·		varies depending on the [StartTriggerMode]
			and
			[PixelFormat] setting.
	0" 0 :: -	0.00	· ·
ExposureAuto	Off, Continuous, Once	Off	Set whether to enable auto exposure.
		_1	1

Item	Setting range	Default value	Description
d) AnalogControl			Configure analog control settings.
GainSelector	SP-12401M-USB AnalogAll SP-12401C-USB AnalogAll, DigitalRed, DigitalBlue	AnalogAll	Select the gain to configure.
Gain	SP-12401M-USB AnalogAll $\times$ 1.0 $\sim$ $\times$ 16.0 SP-12401C-USB AnalogAll, $\times$ 1.0 $\sim$ $\times$ 16.0 DigitalRed, $\times$ 0.447 $\sim$ $\times$ 5.624 DigitalBlue, $\times$ 0.447 $\sim$ $\times$ 5.624	SP-12401M-USB AnalogAll x1.0 SP-12401C-USB AnalogAll, x1.0 DigitalRed, x1.0 DigitalBlue, x1.0	Set the gain value for the gain setting selected in [GainSelector].  AnalogAll: about 0.1dB / 1step  SP-12401C-USB only DigitalRed: 0.000122 / 1step DigitalGreen: 0.000122 / 1step
GainAuto	Off, Continuous, Once	Off	Enable/disable gain auto adjustment. [Once] automatically changes to [Off] when the signal level converges once.
BalanceWhiteAuto	Off, Continuous, Once, Preset3200K, Preset5000K, Preset6500K, Preset7500K	Off	Enable/disable auto white balance.
BlackLevelSelector	DigitalAll, DigitalRed, DigitalBlue	DigitalAll	Select the black level to configure.
BlackLevel	DigitalAll, -133~255 DigitalRed, -64~ 64 DigitalBlue -64~ 64	DigitalAll, 0 DigitalRed, 0 DigitalBlue 0	Set the black level value.
Gamma	0.45, 0.5, 0.55, 0.6, 0.65, 0.75, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0	0.45	Set the gamma value.
LUTMode	Off, Gamma, LUT	Off	Select the LUT mode.
Item	Setting range	Default value	Description
e) LUTControl			Configure LUT settings.
LUTSelector	Red, Green, Blue	Red	Select the LUT channel to control.
LUTIndex	0~256	0	Set the LUT index table number.
LUTValue	0~4095	Gamma=1.0	Set the LUT value.

Item	Setting range	Default value	Description
f) ColorTransformationControl		•	SP-12401C-USB only
ColorTransformationMode	RGB, XYZ, H S I	RGB	Set the output image format.
ColorTransofrmationRGBMode	Off, sRGB, AdobeRGB,	Off	Set the detailed mode when RGB is selected
	UserCustom		for the color space.
ColorMatrixValueSelector	ColorMatrixR-R	ColorMatrixR-R	Select the ColorMatrix setting component.
esisti lacità value selector	ColorMatrixR-G	COIOIT IdditAIC IC	Select the color lathy setting component.
	ColorMatrixR-B		
	ColorMatrixG-R		
	ColorMatrixG-G		
	ColorMatrixG-B		
	ColorMatrixB-R		
	ColorMatrixB-G		
1	ColorMatrixB-B		
ColorMatrixValue	-2.0 ~ 2.0	ColorMatrixValue	Set the Color Matrix value.
		[ColorMatrixR-R] = 1.0	
		ColorMatrixValue	
		[ColorMatrixR-G] = 0	
		ColorMatrixValue	
		[ColorMatrixR-B] = 0	
		ColorMatrixValue	
		[ColorMatrixG-R] = 0	
		ColorMatrixValue	
		[ColorMatrixG-G] = 1.0	
		ColorMatrixValue	
		[ColorMatrixG-B] = 0	
		[GOTOTT INCHING D]	
		ColorMatrixValue	
		[ColorMatrixB-R] = 0	
		ColorMatrixValue	
		[ColorMatrixB-G] = 0	
		ColorMatrixValue	
		[ColorMatrixB-B] = 1.0	
Item	Setting range	Default value	Description
g) DigitalI/Ocontrol			Configure settings for digital input/output.
LineSelector	Line1-TTLOut1	Line2-OptOut1	Select the input/output to configure.
	Line2-OptOut1		
	Line5-OptIn1		
	Line6-OptIn2		
	TimeStampReset		
	NANDGate0In1		
	NANDGate0In2 NANDGate1In1		
	NANDGate1In1 NANDGate1In2		
LineMode	Input, Output	_	Display the input/output status (whether it is
			input or output).
LineInverter	True, False	False	Enable/disable polarity inversion for the
			selected input signal or output signal.
LineStatus	True, False	_	Display the status of the input signal or
Linestatus	וועכ, ו מואכ		
1 1	ĺ		output signal (True: High, False: Low).

LineSource	Low	LineSource	Select the line source signal for the item
Linesource	High		_
	AcquisitiionTriggerWait	[Line1-TTLOut1]	selected in [LineSelector].
	AcquisitionActive	= ExposureActive	
	FrameTriggerWait		
	FrameActive	LineSource	
	ExposureActive	[TImestampReset]	
	FVAL	_	
	LVAL	= Off	
	PulseGenerator0		
	PulseGenerator1	Other default value is	
	PulseGenerator2	Off.	
	PulseGenerator3		
	UserOutput0		
	UserOutput1		
	UserOutput2		
	UserOutput3		
	Line5 - OptIn1		
	Line6 - OptIn2		
	NAND0Out		
	NAND1Out		
	Off		
LineFormat	NoConnect,	_	Display the signal format.
	TTL,		Display and signal formati
	OptoCoupled		
	InternalSignal		
LineStatusAll	_	_	Display the input/output signal status.
			The state is shown with 16 bits. Bit
			assignments are as follows.
			[0] Line1 - TTL Ou
			[1] Line2 - OptO
			[2], [3] (unused)
			[4] Line5 - Opt I
			[5] Line6 - Opt I [6], [7], [8], [9], [10] (unused)
			[11] Time Stamp R
			[12] NAND Gate 0
			[13] NAND Gate 0
			[13] NAND Gate 0
			[14] NAND Gate 1
OptInFilterSelector	Off, 10us, 100us,	Off	Remove noise from the OptIn input signal of
Optinificer Selector	500us, 1ms, 5ms,	Jii	
	10ms		Digital I/O.
UserOutputSelector	UserOutput0	UserOutput0	Set the UserOutput signal.
,	UserOutput1		
	UserOutput2		
	UserOutput3		
UserOutputValue	True, False	False	Set the value for the UserOutput selected in
			[UserOutputSelector].
<del> </del>			

Item	Setting range	Default value	Description
h) CounterAndTimerControl			Configure counter settings. (This camera
			only supports counter functions.)
CounterSelector	Counter0	_	Select the counter.
	Counter1		
	Counter2 Counter3		
CounterEventSource	Counter0	Off	Assistant the country arrest signal for unhigh
CounterEventSource	Off, FrameTrigger	Oil	Assign the counter event signal for which
	Counter1		you want to read the count value to a
	Off, ExposureStart		dedicated counter, and read the value.
	Counter2		
	Off, SensorReadOut		
	Counter3		
	Off, FrameTransferEnd		
CounterEventActivation	<u> </u>	_	Set the count timing.
			The setting value is fixed with the following
			data.
			Counter0 RisingEdge
			Counter1 RisingEdge
			Counter2 RisingEdge
			Counter3 FallingEdge
CounterReset	_	_	Reset the counter.
CounterRefresh	0~65535	0	Update the count value.
CounterValue	0~65535	0	Display the count value.
CounterStatus	-	_	Display the counter status.
			CounterIdle: Idle
			CounterActive: Counting
			CounterOverflow: Count value exceeded the
=-			mazimum value
Item	Setting range	Default value	Description
i) UserSetControl	Default,	Default	Configure user settings.
UserSetSelector	UserSet1,	Derduit	Select the user settings.
	UserSet2,		
	UserSet3		
UserSetLoad	0(default), 1, 2, 3	_	Load user settings.
			(If 0 is specified, the factory default setting is read.)
UserSetSave	1,2,3	_	Save the current setting values as user
			settings.

Item	Setting range	Default value	Description
j) SequencerControl	Setting range	Delault value	Configure sequencer settings.
SequencerMode	Off, On	Off	Enable/disable [SequencerMode].
SequencerModeSelect	TriggerSequencerMode, CommandSequencerMode	TriggerSequencerMode	Select the sequencer mode.
SequencerConfigurationMode	Off, On	On	Select [On] to change the settings within the index.
SequencerSetSelector	1~128	1	Select the index number to configure.
SequencerFrameNumber	1~255	1	Set the number of frames to display for the selected SequencerIndex. (Enabled only for TriggerSequencer.)
SequencerSetNext	0~128	_	Set the next index to be displayed for the selected SequencerIndex. (Enabled only for TriggerSequencer.) If 0 is specified, the operation of Sequencer is stopped.
SequencerWidth	SP-12401M-USB SequencerBinningHorizontal 1:16~4112 Step 8 SequencerBinningHorizontal 2: 8~2056 Step 4 SP-12401C-USB 16~4088 Step 8	SP-12401M-USB SequencerBinningHorizontal 1:4112 SequencerBinningHorizontal 2:2056 SP-12401C-USB 4088	Set the width of the selected SequencerIndex.
SequencerHeight	SP-12401M-USB SequencerBinningVertical 1:8 ~3008 Step 4 SequencerBinningVertical 2:8 ~1504 Step 2 SP-12401C-USB 8~3000 Step 2	SP-12401M-USB SequencerBinningVertical 1:3008 SequencerBinningVertical 2:1504 SP-12401C-USB 3000	Set the height of the selected SequencerIndex.
SequencerOffsetX	SP-12401M-USB BinningVertical 1: $0 \sim 4096 \text{ step } 8$ BinningVertical 1: $0 \sim 2048 \text{ step } 4$ SP-12401C-USB $0 \sim 4072 \text{ step } 8$	0	Set the horizontal offset value for the selected SequencerIndex.
SequencerOffsetY	SP-12401M-USB BinningVertical 1: $0 \sim 3000 \text{ step } 4$ BinningVertical 2: $0 \sim 1496 \text{ step } 2$ SP-12401C-USB $0 \sim 2992 \text{ step } 4$	0	Set the vertical offset value for the selected SequencerIndex.
SequencerGainAnalogAll	1.0 ~ 16.0	1.0	Set the GainAnalogAll value.
SequencerGainDigitalRed	0.447~5.624	1.0	SP-12401C-USB only Set the DigitalRed Gain value for the selected SequencerIndex.
SequencerGainDigitalBlue	0.447~5.624	1.0	SP-12401C-USB only Set the DigitalBlue Gain value for the selected SequencerIndex.

SequencerExposureTime	1 $\mu$ s $\sim$	_	Set the exposure time for the selected
			SequencerIndex.
SequencerBinningHorizontal	1,2	1	SP-12401M-USB only
			For the selected SequencerIndex, set the
			number of pixels in the vertical direction for
			which to perform binning.
			In binning mode, the setting value of
			BinningHorizontalMode is applied.
SequencerBinningVertical	1,2	1	SP-12401M-USB only
			For the selected SequencerIndex, set the
			number of pixels in the vertical direction for
			which to perform binning.
			In binning mode, the setting of
			BinningVerticalMode is applied.
SequencerLUTEnable	True, False	False	Set the LUTEnable for the selected
			SequencerIndex.
SequencerBlackLevelDigitalAll	-133~255	0	Set the BlackLevelDigitalAll for the selected
			SequencerIndex.
equencerRepetition	1~255	1	Set the repeat count for the sequencer.
equencerLUTMode	Gamma, LUT	Gamma	Set the sequence LUT mode.
equencerSetActive	1~128	1	Displays the sequencer set number.
equencerCommandIndex	1~128	1	Set this to change the SequencerIndex.
			(Enabled only for CommandSequencer.)
equencerSetStart	1~128	1	Specify the first index number to switch to
			when starting [TriggerSequencerMode].
equencerReset	_	_	In [TriggerSequencerMode], reset the
			current index number to the number
			configured in [SequencerSetStart].

Item	Setting range	Default value	Description
k) ChunkDataControl			Configure chunk control settings.
ChunkModeActive	True, False	False	Set whether to enable ChunkData.
ChunkSelector	OffsetX OffsetY	OffsetX	Select the ChunkData to be added.
	Width		
	Height		
	ExposureTime		
	GainAnalogAll		
	GainDigitalRed		
	GainDigitalBlue		
	BlackLevelDigitalAll		
	BlackLevelDigitalRed		
	BlackLevelDigitalBlue BinningH/V		
	LUTEnable		
	SequencerSetActive		
	FrameTriggerCounter		
	ExposureStartCounter		
	SensorReadOutStartCounter		
	FrameTransferEndCounter PixelFormat		
	LineStatusAll		
	Timestamp		
	LineStatusAllOnExposureStart		
	LineStatusAllOnFVALStart		
	DeviceSerialNumber		
	DeviceUserID		
	DeviceTemperature		
ChunkEnable	True, False	False	Select whether to output ChunkData.
CHUIRLHADIE	True, raise	i dise	
			Default: Only [ChunkImage] is [True].
ChunkOffsetX	_	-	OffsetX
			(ChunkID 2000h : DataType Integer)
ChunkOffsetY	_	_	OffsetY
			(ChunkID 2001h : DataType Integer)
ChunkWidth	_	_	Width
Character Character			(ChunkID 2002h : DataType Integer)
Character to the transfer of t			
ChunkHeight	_	_	Height
			(ChunkID 2003h : DataType Integer)
ChunkPixelFormat	_	-	OffsetX
			(ChunkID 2012h : DataType Enum.)
ChunkTimestamp	_	_	Timestamp
·			(ChunkID 2014h : DataType Integer)
ChunkLineStatusAll	_	_	LineStatusAll
Chankemestatasan			(ChunkID 2013h : DataType Integer)
			[0] Line1 - TTL Ou
			[1] Line2 - OptO
			[2], [3] (unused)
			[4] Line5 - Opt I
			[5] Line6 - Opt I
			[6], [7], [8], [9], [10] (unused)
			[11] Time Stamp R
			[12] NAND Gate 0
			[13] NAND Gate 0
			[14] NAND Gate 1
			[15] NAND Gate 1
			[16]~[31] (unused)
			[10] [31] (unuscu)

[			T
ChunkExposureTime (us)	_	_	Display the actual exposure time rather than
			the time set by the user.
			(ChunkID 2004h : DataType Float)
ChunkGainAnalogAll	_	_	AnalogGainAll
			(ChunkID 2005h : DataType Float)
ChunkGainDigitalRed	_	_	DigitalGainRed
			(ChunkID 2006h : DataType Float)
ChunkGainDigitalBlue	_	_	AnalogGainBlue
			(ChunkID 2007h : DataType Float)
ChunkBlackLevelDigitalAll	_	_	BlackLevelDigitalAll
			(ChunkID 2008h : DataType Float)
ChunkBlackLevelDigitalRed	_	_	BlackLevelDigitalRed
			(ChunkID 2009h : DataType Float)
L	_	_	BlackLevelDigitalRed
			(ChunkID 200Ah : DataType Float)
ChunkBinningHorizontalVertical_L	_	_	(ChunkID 200Bh : DataType Integer)
UTEnable			The set value of BinningHorizontal,
			BinningVertical and LUTEnable is displayed
			as follows with 32 bits.
			[0]: BinningHorizontal 0: OFF 1:ON
			[1]: BinningVertical 0: OFF 1:ON
			[2] : BinningMode
			0:Sum 1:Average
			[3]: LUTEnable 0: OFF 1:ON
			[4]-[31]: (unused)
ChunkSequencerSetActive	_	_	(ChunkID 200Ch : DataType Float)
			In Sequencer mode,
			The currently running SequencerSet number
			is displayed.
ChunkFrameTriggerCounter	_	_	Counter value of FrameTrigger
			(ChunkID 200Eh : DataType Integer)
ChunkExposureStartCounter	_	_	Counter value of ExposureStart
			(ChunkID 200Fh : DataType Integer)
ChunkSensorReadOutCounter	_	_	Counter value of SensorReadoutStart
ChanksensonReadOutCounter			(ChunkID 2010h : DataType Integer)
Charles Target Follows			,, ,,
ChunkFrameTransferEndCounter	_	_	Counter value of FrameTansferEnd
			(ChunkID 2011h : DataType Integer)
ChunkLineStatusAllOnExposureSta	_	_	Counter value of
rt			LineStatusAllOnExposureStart
			(ChunkID h : DataType Float)
ChunkLineStatusAllOnFVALStart			The status of Line is added in rising edge of
			FVAL.
			The details of the data are the same as
			[ChunkLineStatusAll].
ChunkDeviceTemperature ( C )	_	_	(ChunkID 2016h : DataType Integer) DeviceTemperature
S. S. INDEVISE FOR IPCIALATE ( C )			(ChunkID 2019h : DataType Float)
			, , ,
ChunkDeviceSerialNumber	_	_	DeviceSerialNumber
			(ChunkID 2017h : DataType String)
ChunkDeviceUserID	_	_	DeviceUserID
			(ChunkID 2018h : DataType String)

Item	Setting range	Default value	Description
I) TestControl TestPendingAck (ms)	0~10000	0	PendingAck function test command. The camera waits for TestPendingAck (ms) time and returns an Ack response.
Item	Setting range	Default value	Description
m) TransportLayerControl			Display information on transport layer control.
PlayloadSize (B)			Display the payload size.
DeviceTapGeometry	Geometry_1X_1Y	Geometry_1X_1Y	Set the transfer method (tap configuration) of images transferred from the camera at one time.
Item	Setting range	Default value	Description
n) PulseGenerator			Configure pulse generator settings.
ClockPreScaler	1~4096	165	Set the division value for the prescaler (12 bit) using PixelClock as the base clock.
PulseGeneratorClock (MHz)	0.0181274~74.25	0.45	Set the clock used for the pulse generator. This value is calculated using the [ClockPreScaler] value as a base.
PulseGeneratorSelector	PulseGenerator0, PulseGenerator1, PulseGenerator2, PulseGenerator3	PulseGenerator0	Select the pulse generator.
PulseGeneratorLength	1~1048575	30000	Set the maximum count-up value as a clock count.
PulseGeneratorLengthMs (ms)	1 / PulseGeneratorClock (MHz) ~1048575 / PulseGeneratorClock (MHz)	66.6667	Set the maximum count-up value in milliseconds.  This value is calculated using the [PulseGeneratorLength] value as a base.  The setting range varies depending on the [ClockPreScaler] value.
PulseGeneratorFrequency (Hz)	PulseGeneratorClock (MHz) ÷ 1048575 x 1000000 ~ PulseGeneratorClock (MHz) x 1000000		Set the maximum count-up value as a frequency. This value is calculated using the [PulseGeneratorLength] value as a base.
PulseGeneratorStartPoint	0 ~ 1048574	0	Set the start point of the High interval as a clock count. When the counter reaches this value, the output will be 1.
PulseGeneratorStartPointMs (ms)	$0 \sim 1048575$ / PulseGeneratorClock (MHz)	0	Set the start point of the High interval in milliseconds.  When the counter reaches this value, the output will be 1.  The setting range varies depending on the [ClockPreScaler] value.
PulseGeneratorEndPoint	1 ~ 1048575	15000	Set the start point of the Low interval as a clock count. When the counter reaches this value, the output will be 0.

PulseGeneratorEndPointMs	1/ PulseGeneratorClock (MHz)		Set the start point of the Low interval in
(ms)	~		milliseconds.
	1048575 /		When the counter reaches this value, the
	PulseGeneratorClock (MHz)		output will be 0.
			The setting range varies depending on the
			[ClockPreScaler] value.
PulseGeneratorPulseWidth	_	33.3333	Display the High interval width of the pulse
(ms)			in milliseconds.
			The duration between the Start Point and
			End Point is calculated. The setting range
			varies depending on the [ClockPreScaler]
			value.
PulseGeneratorRepeatCount	0 ~ 255	0	Set the repeat count for the counter. When
			this is set to [0], a free counter is enabled
			with no repeat limit.
			The repeat mine
PulseGeneratorClearActivation	Off,	Off	Set the clear signal condition for the count
	LevelHigh,		clear input of the pulse generator.
	LevelLow,		
	RisingEdge, FallingEdge		
	TallingLage		
PulseGeneratorClearSource	Low	Low	Select the count clear input signal source.
	High		
	AcquisitiionTriggerWait AcquisitionActive		
	FrameTriggerWait		
	FrameActive		
	ExposureActive		
	FVAL		
	LVAL		
	PulseGenerator0 PulseGenerator1		
	PulseGenerator2		
	PulseGenerator3		
	UserOutput0		
	UserOutput1		
	UserOutput2		
	UserOutput3		
	Line5 - OptIn1		
	Line6 - OptIn2 NAND0Out		
	NAND1Out		
	Action1		
	Action2		
		1	1
PulseGeneratorClearInverter	True, False	False	Select whether to invert the polarity of the
PulseGeneratorClearInverter	True, False	False	Select whether to invert the polarity of the count clear input signal.
	True, False AsyncMode, SyncMode	False AsyncMode	1

Item	Setting range	Default value	Description
o) JAICustomControlALC	Setting range	Delaale value	Configure JAI ALC settings. These settings
			are also used for AGC (auto gain control).
			are also used for five (date gain contact).
ALCReference	30~95	50	Set the target level for ALC. (unit: %)
ALCREIEIEILE	30. 93	30	Set the target level for ALC. (unit. 70)
	Low Right,	. 5.1.	
ALCAreaSelector	Low Right,	Low Right	Select the area for which to configure
	Low Mid-Left,		[ALCAreaEnable].
	Low Left,		
	Mid-Low Right,		
	Mid-Low Mid-Right,		
	Mid-Low Mid-Left, Mid-Low Left,		
	Mid-High Right,		
	Mid-High Mid-Right,		
	Mid-High Mid-Left,		
	Mid-High Left,		
	High Right, High Mid-Right,		
	High Mid-Left,		
	High Left		
ALCAreaEnable	True, False	True	Enable/disable the photometry area selected
, LEC TECETIONE	True, ruise	l l l l	in [ALCAreaSelector].
AL CANA Frankla All	T Falsa	<b>-</b>	-
ALCAreaEnableAll	True, False	True	True: Operate ALC with all areas
			designated as photometry areas,
			regardless of the individual
			enabled/disabled photometry area
			states configured in
			[ALCAreaSelector].
			False: Operate ALC according to the
			individual enabled/disabled
			photometry area states configured
AutoShutterControlExposureMin	100 ~	100	in [ALCAreaSelector]. Set the minimum value for the
Autositation Control Exposurer in			ExposureAuto(ASC) control range.
AutoShutterControlExposureMax		-	Set the maximum value for the
			ExposureAuto(ASC) control range.
AutoGainControlGainRawMin	100 ~	100	Set the minimum value for the
			GainAuto(ASC) control range.
AutoGainControlGainRawMax	~ 1600	1600	Set the maximum value for the
Adoddineondoladinawnax	1000	1000	GainAuto(ASC) control range.
ALCControlSpeed	1 ~ 8	4	Set the response speed for AGC/ASC.
			(8 is the fastest.)
ALCStatus	Off, ASC, AGC	Off	Allows confirmation of the current operation
			area during ALC operation.
AutoControlStatus	ExecutingASC,	Idle	Allows confirmation of the AGC, ASC, and
Autocontroistatus	ExecutingAGC,	Tule	
	ExecutingASCandAGC,		AWB convergence status.
	ExecutingAWB,		
	Executing ASC and AWB		
	gAGCandAWB, ExecutingASCandAGCandAWB,		
	Convergent,		
	ConditionError,		
	Idle		

Item	Setting range	Default value	Description
p) JAICustomControlAWB		•	Configure AWB settings.
AWBAreaSelector	Low Right, Low Mid-Right, Low Mid-Left, Low Left, Mid-Low Right, Mid-Low Mid-Right, Mid-Low Mid-Left, Mid-Low Left, Mid-High Right, Mid-High Mid-Right, Mid-High Mid-Left, Mid-High Left, High Right, High Mid-Right, High Mid-Right, High Mid-Right, High Mid-Right, High Mid-Right, High Mid-Right, High Mid-Left,	Low Right	Select the area for which to configure [AWBAreaEnable].
AWBAreaEnable	True, False	True	Enable/disable the photometry area selected in [AWBAreaSelector].
AWBAreaEnableAll	True, False	True	True: Operate AWB with all areas designated as photometry areas, regardless of the individual enabled/disabled photometry area states configured in [AWBAreaSelector].  False: Operate AWB according to the individual enabled/disabled photometry area states configured in [AWBAreaSelector].
AWBControlSpeed	1 ~ 8	4	Set the AWB control speed. (8 is the fastest.)
AWBControlStatus	Complete, TooBright, TooDark, Timeout, Executing, TriggerError, Convergent, ConditionError, Idle	Idle	Displays the operation status of the AWB.

Item	Setting range	Default value	Description
q) JAICUstomControlBlemish			Configure settings for JAI white blemish
			correction.
BlemishEnable	True, False	True	Enable/disable blemish correction.
BlemishDetect	_	_	Execute blemish detection.
			This command can not be executed under
			the following conditions.
			· When no image is output
			Outputting TestPattern
			· In Sequencer mode
			In Overlap MultiRoi mode
			In single ROI mode
			-
BlemishStore	_	_	Save the location information of detected
			blemishes.
BlemishDetectThreshold	1 ~ 100	10	Set the blemish detection threshold.
BlemishCompensationIndex	1 ~ 800	1	Select the index for the target blemish
•			coordinates
			(BlemishDataPosition X/Y).
BlemishCOmpensationPositionX	SP-12401M-USB	-1	Display the X coordinate (horizontal pixel
	-1~4111		position) of the target blemish selected in
	SP-12401C-USB		[BlemishCompensationIndex]. You can also
	-1~4087		manually enter the X coordinate of the
			blemish you want to correct.
Blancish CO and a satisfact Basilian V	CD 12404M HCD		·
BlemishCOmpensationPositionY		-1	Display the Y coordinate (vertical pixel
	-1~3007		position) of the target blemish selected in
	SP-12401C-USB		[BlemishCompensationIndex]. You can also
	-1~2999		manually enter the Y coordinate of the
			blemish you want to correct.
BlemishCOmpensationDataClea	_	_	Delete detected or specified blemish
r			information selected in
			[BlemishCompensationIndex].
BlemishCompensationNumber	0 ~ 800	0	Display the number of target blemishes.

Item	Setting range	Default value	Description
r) JAICustomControlShading	Setting range	Delault value	Configure shading correction settings.
,			
ShadingCorrectionMode	FlatShading,	FlatShading	Select the shading correction method.
Shadingcorrectionhode	ColorShading	laconduing	Select the shading correction method.
	Color Strading		
ShadingMode	Off,	Off	Set the area to which to save shading
	User1,		correction data.
	User2,		When this is set to [Off], shading correction
	User3		data is not saved.
PerformShadingCalibration	_	_	Execute shading correction.
_			This command can not be executed under the following
			conditions.
			When no image is output     Outputting TestPatters
			Outputting TestPattern     In Sequencer mode
			• In Overlap MultiRoi mode
			When the ROI setting is under the
			following conditions
			(Width or Height is less than 128)
ShadingDetectResult	Condition Error,	_	Display the shading correction results.
	TooDark,		
	TooBright,		
	Correction Limit,		
	Complete		
Item s) JAICustomControlOverlapMi	Setting range	Default value	Description  Configure settings for overlap Multi ROI.
SATCUSCOMEONICOTOTOVENAPIM	aidikoi		Comigure sectings for overlap Matti Not.
MultiRoiMode	Off, On	Off	Enable/disable overlap Multi Roi.
MultiRoiIndex	1 ~ 5	1	Select the index for the overlap Multi Roi mode.
Hackoniacx		1	
MultiRoiWidth	SP-12401M-USB	SP-12401M-USB	Set the width for the selected overlap Multi
	BinningHorizontal 1:	4112	Roi index.
	16∼4112 step 8		
	BinningHorizontal 2:	SP-12401C-USB	
	8~2056 step 4 SP-12401C-USB	4088	
	16~4088 step 8		
MultiRoiHeight	SP-12401M-USB	SP-12401M-USB	Set the height for the colocted everlap Multi
Multikoiheigitt	BinningVertical 1:	3008	Set the height for the selected overlap Multi Roi index.
	8 ~ 3008 step 4	3000	Roi ilidex.
	BinningVertical 2:	SP-12401C-USB	
	8 ~ 1504 step 2	3000	
	SP-12401C-USB		
	8 ~ 3000 step 4		
MultiRoiOffsetX	SP-12401M-USB	0	Set the horizontal offset for the selected
	BinningVertical 1:		overlap Multi Roi index.
	0 ~ 4096 step 8		·
	BinningVertical 1:		
	0 ~ 2048 step 4		
	SP-12401C-USB		
	0 ~ 4072 step 8		
MultiRoiOffsetY	SP-12401M-USB	0	Set the vertical offset for the selected
	BinningVertical 1:		overlap Multi Roi index.
	$0 \sim 3000$ step 4 BinningVertical 2:		
	$0 \sim 1496 \text{ step } 2$		
	SP-12401C-USB		
	0 ~ 2992 step 4		
LI MultiRoiIndexMax	1 ~ 5	1	Specify the number of areas for which to use
			overlap Multi Roi.
			·

Item	Setting range	Default value	Description
t) JAICustomControlMisc		•	Configure settings for other JAI functions.
VideoProcessBypassMode	Off, On	Off	Enable/disable VideoProcessBypass mode.
EnhancerSelect	SP-12401M-USB		Specify the operation mode for Enhancer.
	Edge		This function is invalid when
	SP-12401C-USB		[ColorTransformationMode] is XYZ.
	Edge, Color		[costs.r.a.os.maasm.cas] to ///2.
EnhancerEnable	True, False	False	Enable/disable EdgeEnhancer and
			ColorEnhancer.
ColorEnhancerSelector	Red, Cyan, Green	Red	Index for advanced ColorEnhancer settings.
	Magenta, Blue		
	Yellow		
ColorEnhancerValue	$0\sim 1.0$ step $0.1$	0	Specify the ColorEnhancer emphasis levels
			for each color component.
			0: no emphasis
			1: About twice the level before emphasis
EdgeEnhancerLevel	Low, Middle, High,	Middle	Set the Level for EdgeEnhancer.
	Strong		
VideoSendMode	NormalMode, TriggerSequencerMode,	NormalMode	Display the [VideoSendMode].
	CommandSequencerMode,		
	MultiRoiMode		

# **Miscellaneous**

# Troubleshooting

Check the following before requesting help. If the problem persists, contact your local JAI distributor.

#### ■ Power supply and connections

Problem	Cause and solution
The POWER/TRIG LED remains lit amber and	Camera initialization may not be complete
does not turn green, even after power is	due to lack of a network connection. Check
supplied to the camera.	the 12-pin power cable connection.

#### ■ Image display

Problem	Cause and solution
Gradation in dark areas is not noticeable.	Use the gamma function to correct the
	display.
	As the light-emitting properties of the
	monitor are not linear, the entire image may
	be darker or the gradation in the dark areas
	may be less noticeable when camera outputs
	are displayed without processing. Using the
	gamma function performs correction to
	produce a display that is close to linear.
	For details, see "Gamma Function".

## ■ Settings and operations

Problem	Cause and solution
Settings cannot be saved to user memory.	You cannot save to user memory while
	images are being acquired by the camera.
	Stop image acquisition before performing the
	save operation.
I want to restore the factory default settings.	Load [Default] under [User Set Selector] in
	the [Feature Properties] tab to restore the
	factory default settings.

# Specifications

		Item	SP-12401M-USB	SP-12401C-USB	
Scanning sys	stem			e scan, 1 tap	
Synchronizat			Internal		
Interface			USB 3.0 Visio	on compatible	
Image senso	r		Monochrome CMOS Bayer color CMOS		
-	effective image)			mm(V): 17.6mm(diagonal)	
Pixel size	3 /		3.45 μm (H) x 3.45μm(V)		
	ige pixel (Image	sensor)	4112(H) x 3008(V)		
	<u> </u>	Mono8	23.4 fps	-	
	8bit	BayerRG8		23.4 fps	
		Mono10p	23.4 fps	-	
		BayerRG10p	-	23.4 fps	
Acquisition		Mono10, Mono12	15.1 fps	-	
Frame Rate	10/12bit	BayerRG10, BayerRG12	-	15.2 fps	
(max)		Mono12p	20.2 fps	-	
		BayerRG12p	-	20.3 fps	
	8bit	BGR8	_	10.1 fps	
	10bit	BGR10p	_	8.1 fps	
ENAVA 1 200		Вактор	A 40 L 1	· ·	
EMVA1288 p			At 10-bit output	At 10-bit output	
Absolute sen	•		3.39p (λ=525nm)	3.76p (λ=525nm)	
Maximum SN	l ratio		40.02dB	40.18dB	
		Full	4112(H) x 3008(V)	4088(H) x 3000(V)	
		Width	$16\sim4112$ pixels	$16\sim4088$ pixels	
		width	8 pixels/step	8 pixels/step	
		055 111	$0\sim4096$ pixels	$0\sim4072$ pixels	
	DOT	Offset X	8 pixels/step	8 pixels/step	
	ROI		8 ~ 3008 line	8 ~ 3000 line	
		Height	4 lines/step	4 lines/step	
D:-:I			2 ~ 3004 line	2 ~ 2992 line	
Digital		Offset Y	4 lines/step	4 lines/step	
image		1	4112(H)	-	
output	Binning (H)	2	2056(H)	-	
format		1	3008(V)	-	
	(V)	2	1504(V)	-	
		I <del>_</del>	(-)		
				BayerRG8, BayerRG10,	
			Mono8, Mono10, Mono10p,	BayerRG10p,	
	Pixel Format		Mono12,Mono12p	BayerRG12, BayerRG12p	
			Monorz, Monorzp	1 ' ' ' ' '	
				BGR8, BGR10p	
Acquisition M	l Inde		Continuous / SingleFrame	   MultiFrame (1 ~ 65535)	
	Acquisition			/ AcquisitionStop	
Trigger	Exposure			eStart	
Selector	Transfer		AcquisitionTransferSta		
Opto filter	Transiel			500 μs, 1 ms, 5 ms, 10 ms	
Trigger overl	lan				
rrigger överi	lah		Off / H	Readout	
			Low, High, Software	e,PulseGenerator0-3,	
Trigger input	signals		UserOutput0-3, Line5-0	Opt In 1, Line6-Opt In 2,	
			NAND 0 Out, NAND 1 Out		
	T				
	Timed		15.26 µs* (min	, ,	
Exposure			Performance verified for up to 1 second.		
Mode	Triggor Wit-II		15.26 μs* (min)	) ~ ∞ s (max)	
	Trigger Witdh		Performance verified for up to 1 second.		
Auto Exposure		Off / Continuous / Once			
	Auto exposure response speed (AGC/ASC Control Speed)		1	~ 8	
	opec		•		
Video send n	Video send mode		NormalMode, TriggerSequencerMode,		
video sena mode		CommandSequencerMode, MultiRoiMode			
Digital I/O			LineSelector (12P) : GPIO IN / GPIO OUT		
Digital 1/U		LineSelector (12P) : GPIO IN / GPIO OUT			

	Default level		33.5LSB@10bit		
			SP-12401M-USB		
			DigitalAll : 0 ~ 97 LSB@10bit		
			SP-12401C-USB		
			(PixelFormat : BGR8, BGR10p)		
			DigitalAll : 0 ~ 97 LSB@10bit		
Black Level	Video level adjust	tment range	DigitalRed: 17.5 ~ 49.5 LSB @10bit		
adjustment	viaco iever aajas	arrene range	DigitalBlue: 17.5 ~ 49.5 LSB @10bit		
			(PixelFormat : BayerRG8, BayerRG10, BayerRG10p)		
			DigitalAll : 0 ~ 97 LSB@10bit		
			DigitalRed: 26 ~ 41 LSB @10bit		
			DigitalBlue : 26 ~ 41 LSB @10bit		
	Resolution adjust	ment	0.25LSB@10bit		
	,		AnalogAll : 0dB ~ 24dB		
Cain	Manage I and to about a				
Gain	Manual adjustme	ent range	DigitalRed : -7dB $\sim$ 15dB		
adjustment			DigitalBlue : -7dB $\sim$ 15dB		
	Auto gain		Off, Continuous, Once		
	WBA		DigitalRed, DigitalBlue : -7dB $\sim 15$ dB		
White	Delementalis A. J.	_	Off, Continuous, Once,		
	BalanceWhiteAut	0	Preset3200K, Preset5000K, Preset6500K, Preset7500K		
balance	Area				
		0	16 (4 x 4) Area 3000K ~ 9000K		
	Adjustment range	e			
			Detect white blemishes using threshhold values		
	Detection		(100 steps available)		
Blemish			(black blemish correction performed only at factory)		
correction	2 .:		Interpolation using adjacent pixels		
	Correction		(continuous blemishes not corrected)		
	Correctable pixels		800 pixels		
ALC			Can be adjusted automatically together with AGC and auto		
			0.45, 0.5, 0.55, 0.6, 0.65, 0.75, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0		
Gamma					
			(9 steps available)		
LUT			OFF: $\gamma = 1.0$ , ON = 257 points can be set		
Vibration res			10G (20 Hz $\sim$ 200 Hz X-Y-Z direction)		
Impact resis	tance	Τ_	80G		
Power	12-pin	Input range	DC + 12 V $\sim$ + 24 V ± 10% (Via input terminal)		
supply	Connector	Consumption	3.7. W (typ.) (at 12 V input, default setting, 25 ℃ environment)		
/		,	5.0. W (max.)		
Lens mount	nt		C-mount		
Elango hagir	ad.		Lens mount protrusion length of 9 mm or less is supported 17.526, tolerance: 0 mm to -0.05 m		
Flange back					
Optical filter			IR cut filter (SP-12401C-PGE only) $-5\% \sim + 45\% / 20\% \sim 80\% \text{ (non-condensing)}$		
	performance temperature / humidity temperature / humidity		$-5 \text{ C} \sim +45 \text{ C} / 20\% \sim 80\% \text{ (non-condensing)}$ $-25 \text{ C} \sim +60 \text{ C} / 20\% \sim 80\% \text{ (non-condensing)}$		
Storage terri	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		CE(EN61000-6-2 and EN61000-6-3), FCC part 15 class B,		
Regulations			RoHS, WEEE		
Dimonsions	ions (housing)		44 × 44 × 44 mm (WHD) (excluding mount protrusions)		
Dimensions	(Housing)				
Weight			130 g		

#### Package contentsCamera

body (1)

Sensor protection cap (1) Dear Customer (sheet) (1)

#### **Optional accessories (not supplied)**

MP-45 tripod mount

Design and specifications are subject to change without notice.

Approximately 30 minutes of warm-up are required to achieve these specifications.

#### Caution -

About the verified performance temperatureMake sure the following temperature conditions are met when operating the unit.

- 1) The camera's internal temperature sensor detects temperatures of 72°C or less during operation.
- 2) The top surface of the camera's casing is 57°C or less.

If the above temperature conditions are exceeded, take measures to dissipate heat according to your installation environment and conditions.

# **Frame Rate Reference**

[Theoretical value]

#### ■ SP-12401M-USB

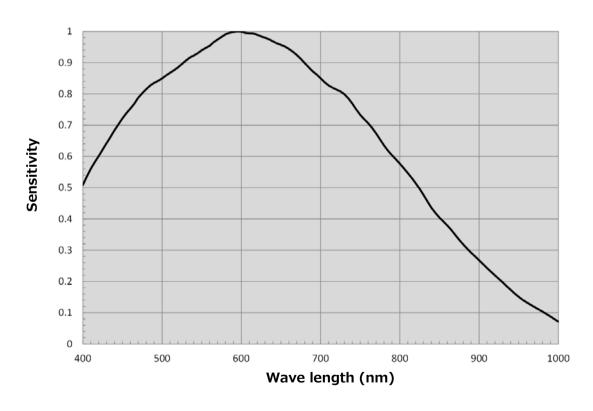
Pixel count	Resolution		Pixel size	Imge size	Frame rate
(MP)	(screen size)	ROI/Binning	(um)	(mm)	(fps @8bit)
12.37	4112 x 3008	Full pixel	3.45 x 3.45	14.19 x 10.38 (17.58)	23.4fps
3.08	2048 x 1504	ROI	3.45 x 3.45	7.07 x 5.19 (8.77)	46.3fps
1.97	1920 x 1024	ROI	3.45 x 3.45	6.62 x 3.53 (7.51)	67.3fps
1.97	1920 x 1024	ROI + 2x2 Binning	6.9 x 6.9	13.25 x 7.07 (15.01)	34.2fps

#### ■ SP-12401C-USB

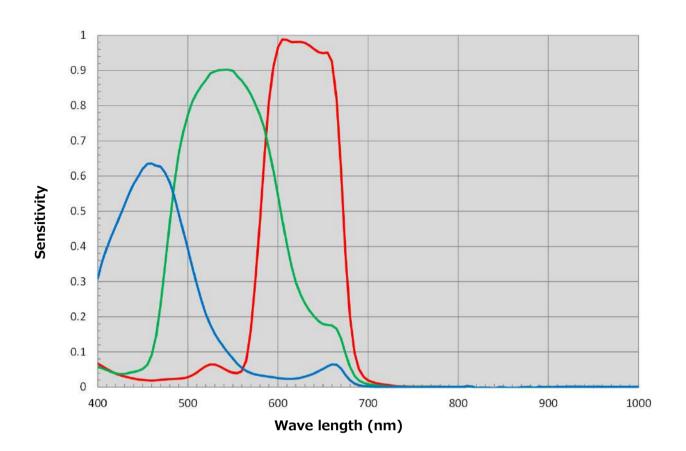
Pixel count	Resolution		Pixel size	Imge size	Frame rate
(MP)	(screen size)	ROI/Binning	(um)	(mm)	(fps @8bit)
12.26	4088 x 3000	Full pixel	3.45 x 3.45	14.10 x 10.35 (17.49)	23.4fps
3.06	2040 x 1500	ROI	3.45 x 3.45	7.04 x 5.18 (8.74)	46.2fps
1.97	1928 x 1024	ROI	3.45 x 3.45	6.65 x 3.53 (7.53)	66.8fps

# Spectral Response

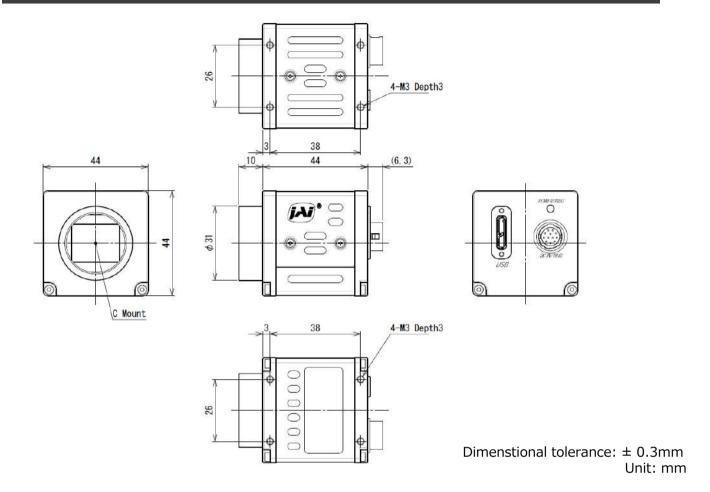
#### SP-12401M-USB Sensitivity



## SP-12401C-USB Sensitivity



# Dimensions



# Comparison of the Decibel Display and Multiplier Display

Decibels[db]	Multipliers[x]	Remarks
-6	0.501	
-5	0.562	
-4	0.631	
-3	0.708	
-2	0.794	
-1	0.891	
0	1	
1	1.122	
2	1.259	
3	1.413	
4	1.585	
5	1.778	
6	1.995	
7	2.239	
8	2.512	
9	2.818	
10	3.162	
11	3.548	
12	3.981	
13	4.467	
14	5.012	
15	5.623	
16	6.31	
17	7.079	
18	7.943	
19	8.913	
20	10	
21	11.22	
22	12.589	
23	14.125	
24	15.849	
25	17.783	
26	19.953	
27	22.387	
28	25.119	
29	28.184	
30	31.623	
31	35.481	
32	39.811	
33	44.668	
34	50.119	
35	56.234	
36	63.096	

# **User's Record**

Camera type: SP-12401M-USB / SP-12401C-USB
Revision: ······
Serial No: ······
Firmware version:

For camera revision history, please contact your local JAI distributor.

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## **Revision history**

Revision	Date	Changes
1.1	Jan.2021	China RoHS
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