



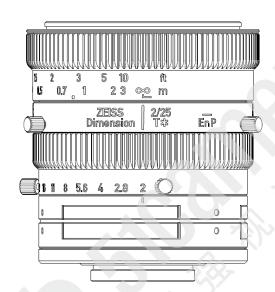
Features

Camera Mount Available with C mount

- fast f/2 aperture
- excellent image quality, leading to highest data precision over the complete image field
- for industrial cameras up to sensor sizes of 4/3"
- robust full-metal construction made of aluminium
- small and compact
- possibility to adjust the back focal distance to compensate for tolerances of camera bayonets
- possibility for azimuthal adjustment ensures best possible readability of scales
- fixable focus and aperture settings
- optimized spectral transmission in VIS and near IR range through ZEISS T* coating



Technical Specifications



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optical data.				
Focal length	25 mm			
Aperture range	f/2 – f/22 (continuous)			
Number of elements / groups	13 / 8			
Focus range (object to sensor)	231,9 mm (0.77 ft.) – ∞			
Min. free working distance	152,5 mm (0.50 ft.)			
Angular field (diag. / horiz. / vert.)	1": 34.50°/28.97°/19.54°			
	4/3": 45.91°/37.41°/28.55°			
Max. diameter of image field	1": 16 mm (0.63"); 4/3": 21.64 mm (0.83")			
Flange focal length (in air)	17,526 mm (0.69''), C mount			
Coverage at close range	1": 82,4 mm x 55,0 mm (3,24 x 2,17")			
	4/3": 107,9 mm x 81,2 mm (4,25 x 3,20")			
Image ratio at close range	1:6.3			
Position of entrance pupil (relative to image sensor) 63,8 mm (2.51")				
Position of exit pupil (relative to image sensor)	38,9 mm (1.53")			
Physical data:				
Length (front to mount contact surface at inf.)	60,0 mm (2.36")			
Length (front to mount contact surface at MOD)	60,0 mm (2.36")			

57,0 mm (2.24")

64,0 mm (2.52")

M43 x 0.75 283 g (0.62 lbs)

C mount

Diameter (lens only)

Filter-thread

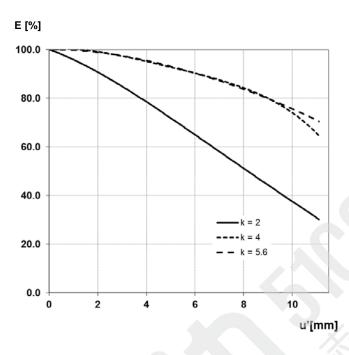
Camera mount

Weight

Diameter (with fixation screws)

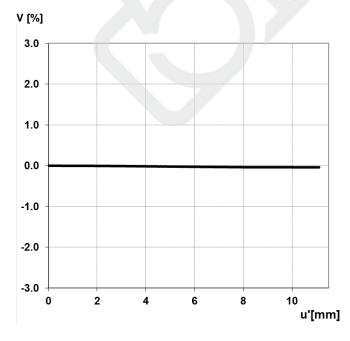


Relative Illuminance*



The relative illumination shows the decrease in image brightness from the image center to the edge in percent.

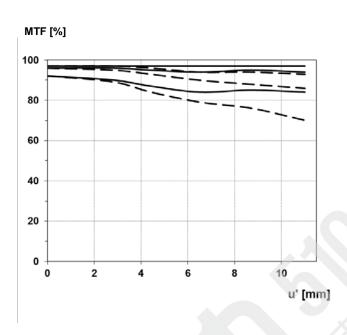
Relative Distortion*



The relative distortion shows the deviation of the actual image height from the ideal one in percent.



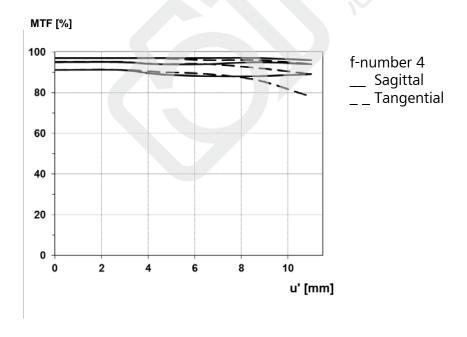
MTF Charts*



The Modulation Transfer (MTF) as a function of image height (u) and slit orientation (sagittal, tangential) has been measured with white light at spatial frequencies of R = 10, 20 and 40 cycles/mm.

f-number 2

- __ Sagittal
- _ _ Tangential



^{*}Data for infinite focus setting



Spectral Transmission

